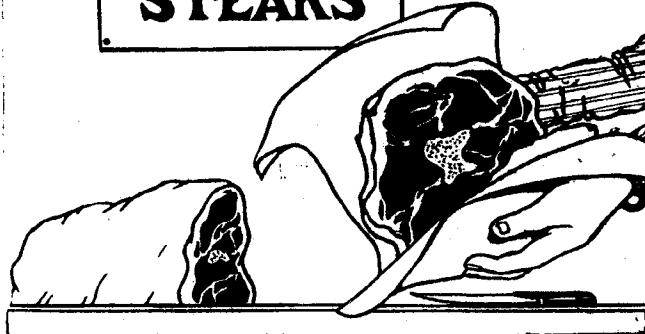


## TENDER STEAKS



A STEAK is a tough proposition unless it is a fine, tender piece of meat. We pride ourselves on cutting steaks that are of the best quality you can get anywhere. Our customers are always pleased with our steaks. We want your trade and will strive to please you too.

Strictly Cash Market, F. H. Milks, Prop'r.

## OFF TO THE NEW NATIONAL ARMY

## CONTINGENT GIVEN ROUSING SEND OFF THURSDAY.

## Large Crowd Hear Farewell Addresses at School House.

It was another fine lot of young men that left Grayling Thursday night of last week to enter the Michigan-Wisconsin training quarters at Camp Custer, for the new National Army. And it was an inspiring audience of parents, brothers, sisters and friends that was there to bid them farewell and cheer them on.

The men were escorted to the school house by the Grayling band, and accompanied by members of the draft board and others. When they reached the school house they found the auditorium packed with people.

Mayor T. Hanson acted as chairman of the evening. Several selections of music were furnished by the band before beginning the program. Among the speakers there were James A. Kalar of Frederic, county school commissioner; Otto Heber, superintendent of the Frederic schools, and Dr. C. C. Curnalia of Roscommon.

Interpersed in the program were two choruses sung by children of the Junior high school, which were greatly enjoyed by all.

The first speaker introduced was Mr. Kaahar, who spoke in a spirit of optimism and wished to congratulate the young men who had been fortunate in being chosen to help to fight the battles for his country in the interest of humanity and justice.

Prof. Heber gave a very cheerful talk, such as he believed the departing young men would want to hear. He told some very interesting things and among them some of his personal experiences on a visit to Germany. Although coming from German parents, he is very anti-German. In his talk he contributed quite a number of hearty laughs, still his talk was serious and well-meaning.

Dr. Curnalia, who gave the principal address of the evening, recited some history of our early wars, and said that our boys were going forth to fight the battles for democracy, for those of us who remained at home, to protect our lives and freedoms.

He told of the Red Cross and in words heavy with scorn stated that the Germans were the first race ever to fire upon the Red Cross, which

statement history of the world war records. He told dramatically the story of Mary Caville, the Red Cross nurse who was shot by a German firing squad, in spite of an appeal from all the leading nations of the world to spare her. The atrocities common to the militia of Germany were graphically recited by the speaker, and the Kaiser was painted as a filthy, diseased, cruel ruler. The Germans are conducting a war of terror, and none are spared her torture.

Melvin A. Bates, of the draft board, presented each of the boys with a comfort kit, complimentary of the ladies of the Red Cross. Also each boy received a check for \$25.00 from K. Hanson.

Chairman T. Hanson, before closing the meeting, thanked the people for their liberal responses to the several requests that had come up to the people in the interest of the war, such as the Liberty loan, Red Cross, food conservation, Y. M. C. A. and other funds. He said our business is war and that we must dig down into our pockets, if necessary, to support it. Our boys must be given every comfort possible.

On behalf of the people of the county he bid the boys of the New national army God speed and assured them that the people at home were interested in them.

Crawford county is represented in this contingent by the following:

John Middleton.  
Lemuel C. Corning.  
Daniel C. Babbitt.  
Daniel H. Williams.  
Thomas McGuire.  
John D. Lammiman.  
Ford Middleton.  
Patrick V. O'Regan.  
Walter S. Shaw.  
Floyd L. Taylor.  
Robert Roblin.

Two of the regular draft order failed to report—Stanley Plekna and William T. E. Fruit, thus two substitutes, Robert Roblin and Floyd Taylor were selected to fill the vacancies. Felix Dukzsta, who failed to appear at the first call, was present and sent with the others. Fruit was apprehended Monday of this week at Bay City and Sheriff Cody took him to Camp Custer the same day.

**For a Weak Stomach.**  
As a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and when constipated take one of Chamberlain's Tablets.

## Progress of Methodist Episcopal Church Grayling—1881 to 1917.

Thirty six years ago, the Methodist people purchased the present site and lot from Orlando M. Barnes, and erected thereon the structure that has done noble service for thirty five years.

The old church building was completed in 1882. It was built of good material and has weathered the northern blasts and storms up to the present.

In the year 1915 the church people thought some change should be made

Mich. and work commenced September 1917.

The corner stone will be laid by Mr. Nels Michelson and with ceremony by the pastor, Rev. Aaron Mitchell at 2:40 Thanksgiving day, Nov. 29th 1917. The Grayling band will render suitable selections on this occasion. The people and children will congregate and sing in gratitude for this magnificent benevolence.

The new edifice will be built of sub-



THE NEW M. E. CHURCH NOW UNDER COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION.

stantial material the basement being of brick and concrete, the superstructure of brick veneer. The corner stone is of granite with suitable inscription. The basement is roomy being designed for social enterprises. It has large dining hall and game rooms with other conveniences. The auditorium is constructed on the graded floor plan with parlor, vestries, and organ loft to suit the purpose. The Sunday school room is situated on the rear of the edifice.

The contract calls for completion of building by March 1918. Fuller particulars will appear in the columns of the avalanche at the time of dedication of the new edifice.

Signed, AARON MITCHELL,  
Pastor, M. E. Church  
Grayling.

## Y. M. C. A. FUND OVER SUBSCRIBED IN COUNTY.

## Complete List of Subscriptions as Reported by Committee.

We here publish the list of subscribers to the Y. M. C. A. fund for Crawford county and the amounts subscribed. From the report it appears that the county quota was over subscribed \$267.26.

Due to a misunderstanding by a member of the general committee it was supposed that the minimum amount required was \$2,000 from our county and was so published, however it later revealed that our minimum quota was \$1,000. This latter was easily raised and a nice balance besides.

As the lists of subscriptions were scattered among several solicitors it was not convenient for publication last week. The following is a complete list, as submitted by the committee:

Salling & Hanson Co.	\$100.00
Kerry & Hanson Co.	100.00
R. Hanson & Sons	100.00
O. W. Hanson	50.00
Esbern Hanson	50.00
Thos Cassidy	25.00
The Simpson Co.	25.00
H. Petersen	25.00
F. H. Milks	25.00
Grayling Hotel Co.	25.00
John Benson	25.00
R. D. Connine	25.00
Geo. L. Alexander	25.00
Mr. & Mrs. K. M. Roblin	25.00
Grayling Merc. Co.	25.00
Anthony Trudeau	25.00
Game & Burrows	25.00
T. W. Hanson	25.00
Sorenson Bros.	25.00
A. M. Lewis	25.00
Fred R. Welsh	25.00
R. Hanson	25.00
Chris W. Olson	10.00
Marius Hanson	10.00
Grayling Dowel & Tie Plug Co.	10.00
Grayling Elec. Co.	10.00
Ors. Insley & Keyport	10.00
Holger Hanson	10.00
Dr. C. A. Canfield	10.00
N. H. Nielson	10.00
Mrs. M. Otterbein	10.00
M. A. Bates	10.00
Frank Dreese	10.00
O. N. Michelson	10.00
A. L. Phelps	5.00
Minnie C. Nelson	5.00
Hymen Joseph	5.00
Adelbert Taylor	5.00
Sam Phelps	5.00
Robert Reagan	5.00
Tony Lamb	5.00
N. Schjotz	5.00
Isabella Case	5.00
Max Landsberg	5.00
C. T. Jerome	5.00
Chas. Blatz	5.00
A. M. Peterson	5.00
Rasmus Jorgenson	5.00
Frank Siles	5.00
Jerry Reagan	5.00
Aaron Mitchell	5.00
T. E. Douglas	5.00
Chas. L. Loring, Jr.	5.00
Anna Nielsen	5.00
E. L. Sparks	5.00
Emil Giegling	5.00
R. H. Gillett	5.00
C. J. Hathaway	5.00
Emil Kraus	5.00
John F. Hani	5.00
M. A. Atkinson	5.00
McCullough & Matson	5.00
Albert L. Roberts	3.00

Chris Johnson	3.00
Julius Nelson	3.00
Chas. Bingham	3.00
Olaf Sorenson	2.00
Margaret Hemmingson	2.00
Soren Andraesen	2.00
Geo. R. McPeak	2.00
Oron Corwin	2.00
Wm. Brennaud	2.00
Victor Salling	2.00
John Goudrow	2.00
Chas. Abbott	2.00
C. O. McCullough	2.00
E. Houghton	2.00
Harvey Wheeler	2.00
Mrs. Chris Johnson	2.00
M. Otterbein	2.00
Frank Ahman	2.00
T. P. Peterson	2.00
P. W. Christenson	2.00
N. H. Chamberlin	2.00
N. J. Costello	2.00
Wm. H. Mosher	2.00
Peter F. Jorgensen	2.00
John Leese	2.00
A. Herneau	2.00
Algot Jorgenson	2.00
Frank Anstett	2.00
T. Boesen	2.00
Phillip Moran	2.00
O. P. Schumann	2.00
Duncan McIntyre	2.00
Earl F. Tutton	2.00
Lee McCabe	1.00
A. J. Joseph	1.00
G. G. Pringle	1.00
Geo. Mahon	1.00
Margaret Jensen	1.00
J. H. Wingard	1.00
C. L. Tromble	1.00
Wm. Fischer	1.00
Rae Joseph	1.00
Andrew Peterson	1.00
Paul Ziebell	1.00
L. M. Edwards	1.00
Geo. E. Smith	1.00
Mrs. Geo. E. Smith	1.00
Ben Hardquist	1.00
John H. Cook	1.00
Clyde King	1.00
Ray Preston	1.00
B. J. Conklin	1.00
W. J. McNevin	1.00
J. P. Scott	1.00
Peter McNevin	1.00
L. J. Kraus	1.00
Miss Mabel Brasie	1.00
Mrs. Emma Brasie	1.00
E. J. Olson	1.00
Dr. J. J. Love	1.00
A. C. Olson	1.00
J. M. Tynnell	1.00
Harry Hill	1.00
J. P. Decker	1.00
Jas. Jorgenson	1.00
Thos. Ingley	1.00
E. K. Rasmussen	1.00
Adler Jorgenson	1.00
Lars Rasmussen	1.00
Fred Hanson	1.00
J. W. Letzkus	1.00
Jas. Armstrong	1.00
Nick Shellenbarger	1.00
C. W. Green	1.00
Clarence Robertson	1.00
Bernard McCarthy	1.00
Fred Aebli	1.00
Albert Borchers	1.00
Ruman Ingram	1.00
Frank Bennett	1.00
Henry Buckholtz	1.00
Andrew Simpson	1.00
Clare Cameron	1.00
Curry Sheehy	1.00
Walter LaMotte	1.00
John Herrick	1.00
John Hille	1.00
T. Bancartier	1.00
Clark Yost	1.00
Colburn Charlesfour	1.00
Allen B. Felling	1.00
Holger F. Peterson	1.00
Oliver Ammond	1.00
Geo. Hugby	50
Joe Mayo	50
Wm. Miracle	50

## Interesting Letter From Lieut. H. C. Sweeney.

Camp Pike, Arkansas,  
Nov. 19, 1917.

Mr. Schumann:

I have been reading all the letters of the boys that are doing their bit in National army camps and in the Michigan National guard, so thought a letter from a regular would not be out of place.

We had been expecting orders for several weeks at Fort Douglas, Utah, and everybody expected it would be nothing short of a sea trip. It was the most woe-be-gone crowd of officers and men I have ever seen when orders came to move to Camp Pike. It meant guard duty and all the dull routine of depot troops and left everybody disgusted.

The trip across the mountains was uneventful, with the exception of one or two small events, such as men getting left at stations, etc. One of the men in my company decided he would rather pick cotton than be a soldier, so without leave he left the train at a town in Oklahoma. Later when I had the sheriff call on him, he decided that being a soldier was not so bad after all.

I missed seeing Leo Jorgenson by ten hours. The troop train I was with reached Little Rock at eight o'clock Friday evening. His train went thru Saturday morning at six. We arrived in Camp Pike about 9:30. There were none to meet us and the place a strange one. Finally I found a second lieutenant of the C. M. C. who was in charge of troops arriving, and he directed us to quarters for the men. After getting the men comfortably housed, I started out to see if I could find any quarters. After a long search I found an old spring cot, which I immediately set in the same quarters occupied by my company. I had previously learned it would be almost impossible to get our bedding rolls, due to the fact that wagons or trucks were not obtainable. So using some Saturday Evening Posts as a mattress to keep from sleeping on the bare springs, and with my sheep skin for a pillow I turned in. About 12:30 I was awakened and told if I went to headquarters I could get my bedding roll. It seems somebody had found a stray truck driver and by breaking open the freight cars had finally obtained the officers' bedding rolls. The men had been more fortunate in that they carry their rolls with them, so they can be

E. J. Stilwell	50
Clifford Maxson	50
Henry Borchers, Sr.	50
W. E. Russell	50
John S. Balcer	50
Box collections	4.76
FREDERIC	
The Frederic Bank	5.00
John J. Higgins	5.00
Miss Mary Lammim	2.00
Geo. Burkhardt	2.00
Otto J. Heber	1.00
J. D. Lammiman	1.00
G. H. Martin	1.00
Archie McLeod	1.00
Norman Fisher	1.00
Burke & Dolezal	1.00
Wm. H. French	1.00
Chas. Craven	1.00
John W. Burke	1.00
B. J. Callahan	1.00
E. L. Preston	1.00
Albert Lewis	50
Joseph Woods	50
Garry Rennie	50

\$1267.26

## Handkerchiefs

An actual famine in handkerchiefs threatens America. Importations have already practically ceased. In the face of such a situation we are glad to announce we are able to supply our patrons with every variety of linen kerchief desired at a reasonable price. We protected our customers and ourselves by buying months ago. Therefore we can offer for the holidays the best qualities at moderate prices based on old costs. Need we insist further upon the wisdom of laying in a complete stock for yourself and for gifts.

## Aprons--

For every maid and matron who wears an apron, whether she is the cook or whether she serves the meal, there are aprons here in the greatest variety of styles and materials. Numerous styles in Princess aprons, fitted perfectly at the waist and quite large enough to wear while preparing the dinner—75c and \$1.00 each. Dotted Swiss and plain muslin aprons, trimmed with lace or embroidery, aprons very dainty and attractive for serving tea or dinner. Priced at 35c and 50c each.

You should see our special Boudoir Caps at 25c each.

## EMIL KRAUS

Grayling's Leading Dry  
Goods and Clothing Store

used at any time.

If any of the boys at Camp Custer will drop me a card telling me about what time they expect to be passing thru Little Rock, I will arrange to meet them and say hello at least.

H. C. SWEENEY,  
1st Lt. 43rd Inf.

## Red Cross Christmas Seal Sale On This Week.



The Red Cross Christmas seals will be on sale this week, and remember every boy or girl that will sell from

25 to 250 seals will get a prize as follows:  
For selling 25 seals, a button, bearing the sign of the seal; for selling 100 seals a silver Helmet pin and for 250 seals a gold Helmet pin. For the silver pin, it will cost 4 1/2 cents extra for postage and packing and for the gold pin 7 1/2 cents. The report of the

seals must be in the hands of the local agent by Dec. 20.

Now, Boys and Girls, get busy. Call on your neighbors and friends, ask them to buy 5 or 10 stamps then go there next week and ask them to buy 5 or 10 more, and get a gold prize. If you haven't any stamps, call up one of the Boy scouts on the telephone, and they will be two to you.

Remember, two-thirds of the money stays in the county, so help your own town by buying a few stamps and helping a good cause along.

**An Old Man's Stomach.**  
As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 85 or 90, you will find that he is a light eater. Be as careful as you will, however, you will occasionally eat more than you should and will feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain peepsin, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.

## Health Precaution

The common sense way is to keep the health right. And the way to keep good health is to EAT PURE FOOD. Impure or inferior foods are a menace to health, and should never be allowed on your table.

## Our Groceries Will Stand the Test

We can't advertise CHEAP groceries now. The cheap article is just the thing you DON'T want.

But we CAN furnish you THE BEST in all staple and fancy groceries.

And our prices are VERY REASONABLE when you know the EXCELLENCE of our goods.

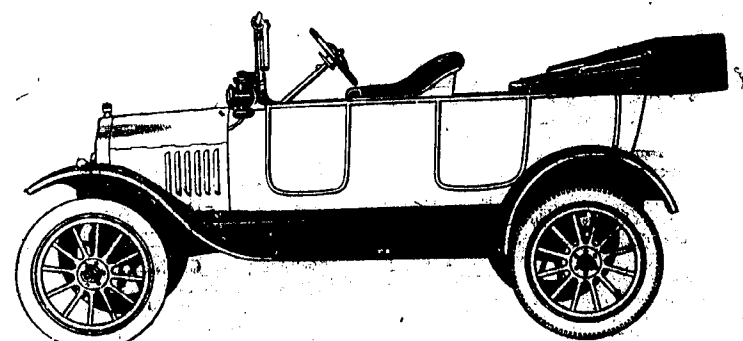
## H. Petersen, GROCER

Phone No. 25

## Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Ford cars are an important servant in every rural community. They help the family enjoy life, bring the pleasures and advantages of the town within reach, and give practical service every day. They require a minimum of attention; any one can run the Ford and care for it. More than two million owners prove these qualities every day. We pledge Ford owners the reliable Ford service with genuine Ford parts and standard Ford prices. Touring Car, \$360; Runabout, \$345; Coupelet, \$505; Town Car, \$595; Sedan, \$645; One-Ton Truck Chassis, \$600. All f. o. b. Detroit.

GEORGE BURKE, Grayling, Michigan.





## BIG FOOD DEALERS MUST BE LICENSED

MANY IN STATE HAVE FAILED TO MAKE APPLICATION—FACE SUSPENSION.

### NEW SOLDIERS LEARN QUICKLY

Latest Contingent at Camp Custer Get Pointers From Men Who Preceded Them There.

Lansing.

George A. Prescott, State food administrator, has received word from National Food Administrator Hoover that many Michigan elevator, canners, jobbers, commission men, brokers, wholesalers and retailers, doing a business of \$100,000 a year, have not applied to the government food administrator for licenses as they should have done by November 1 and that proceedings will be started immediately to suspend trading operations of such firms unless applications are received at once.

Lists of licensees will be forwarded to the Michigan administrator soon. Complaints of violations of the above-named tradesmen should be reported to Michigan's food administrator and not to Washington.

Of the 2,000 restaurants and hotels in Michigan, Mr. Prescott says that 1,900 of them have signed pledges already to observe meatless and wheatless days and further co-operate with the food administration. Monthly reports will be made by restaurants and hotels to the food administrator on blanks, which will show the amount of meat and wheat saved each month.

Mr. Prescott says there are no "knockers" among the hotel or restaurant men and that co-operation exists along every line.

Small boarding houses are asking the food administrator for a menu that they can serve on meatless and wheatless days, as their patrons, many times workmen from factories, demand meat and bread. This situation has been taken care of, however, by sending out menus showing how to make various dishes from fish and substituting "Johnny cake" or fried mush for bread.

### New Soldiers Make Rapid Progress.

The 12,000 men just added to Camp Custer, division officers say are making greater progress in learning soldierly than those who preceded them.

Not that they possess greater intelligence or greater learning powers and adaptability, but where the camp of the first days had only a comparative few instructors, the officers and regular army non-coms, now it has thousands potentially in the men who have been training here for the past two months.

Under the program each man in the first two contingents aids in teaching the "rookies."

In addition orders have gone forth that the program of the past eight weeks will be renewed for the benefit not only of the rookies, but for the older men themselves, and especially those who have shown that they had not grasped it thoroughly.

Division officers believe the camp's program will not be retarded by the new men more than a month or six weeks.

### Many Marksmen at Waco.

Because a large percentage of the Michigan and Wisconsin soldiers have been accustomed, since their boyhood to hunting during the open season in their states, the division at Camp MacArthur, Waco, is going to produce a high standard of marksmanship, according to officers who acted as instructors at the rifle range.

"A recruit who has done any gunning generally knows the mechanism of a gun," said one of the range officers. "He is accustomed to recoil and can handle a rifle with safety to himself and others about him. He needs little instruction about aiming, is a good judge of range, and in a dozen minor ways finds his training as a hunter of value to him in the army."

### State Bean Growers Are Hopeful.

The bean situation in Michigan is encouraging, said James N. McBride, state director of markets, on his return from Washington, where he went to intercede with the federal food administrator to give Michigan bean growers a chance.

Mr. McBride came back with the information that due consideration of the cost of growing beans would be given in the future. The prices which the government fixed for beans for the army and navy would mean \$6 beans to Michigan growers, and Mr. McBride believes that it is imperative that a representative of Michigan growers be at Washington for the next 60 days at least.

### Auto Deaths On the Increase.

Automobiles were responsible for 180 deaths in Michigan in 1915. The 1916 official figures, still incomplete, have reached 250, while the statistician of the state vital statistics department has already recorded 350 deaths due to motor cars this year. In 1912 there were 75 deaths, but the total has grown rapidly since then. Staying and cases of self-destruction vary from year to year, despite the increase in population. Michigan averages 436 cases of self-destruction a year.

### Farmer-to-Consumer System Fails.

The farmer-to-consumer system of potato distribution devised last summer by State Market Director Jas. McBride has crumbled, because thousands of bushels of Michigan potatoes have frozen in the ground. Out of 13 carloads contracted for Detroit at \$1.10 a bushel, delivered, only two and a half bushels were delivered. More than 1,000 Detroiters deposited money for 9,500 bushels of potatoes. Only 1,869 bushels were available. The deposited money will be refunded.

### Compensation and Insurance.

Maj. Gen. Joseph T. Dickman, commander of Camp Custer, has requested the newspapers to assist in imparting information as to the soldiers' allotment, dependents, compensation and insurance measures adopted by the war department.

He declares the allotment, compensation and insurance system "the most philanthropic measure ever adopted by any country in the world to care for its soldiers and their dependents."

### Compensation Compulsory.

The compensation system operates for the benefit of both the soldier and his dependents, particularly the latter. It is compulsory.

Every enlisted man with a wife is compelled to allot at least half his pay to her, whether she is dependent or not. To this amount, which is never lower than \$15, the government will add \$15 for the wife, \$25 for a wife and child, and \$32.50 for a wife and two children. An allowance of \$5 each will be made for other children.

In the event the soldier is a widow the government adds \$5 to his \$15 for one child, \$12.50 for two children, \$20 for three children, \$30 for four children, and \$5 additional for each additional child.

If the soldier is single the government adds to his \$15, \$10 for one parent, \$20 for both parents. Similar arrangements have been made when the allotment goes to a sister or brother with a child or children or to grand-children.

In the event of a soldier's death the government will give his childless widow \$25 per month; widow with one child, \$35; widow with two children, \$47.50, and \$5 additional for each additional child. If he leaves no widow the government will pay his one child \$20 per month, two children \$30, three children \$40 and \$5 additional for each additional child. The mother of a dead soldier receives \$20 per month.

The compensation to a widow or mother continues until their death or remarriage, that to a child until it is of age.

If a soldier is totally disabled he will be compensated monthly as follows: \$30 if without a wife and children; \$45 if with wife; \$55 if with wife and one child; \$65 if with wife and two children; \$75 if with wife and three or more children; if with no wife and but one child, \$40, and \$10 for each additional child. If he has a widowed mother dependent on him the government will add \$10 to the above sums. For loss of both eyes, both legs or both arms a soldier will receive a flat sum of \$100 per month.

### Insurance Is Voluntary.

The insurance is voluntary and can be taken by any soldier or sailor in sums not less than \$1,000 nor greater than \$10,000. The premium rate is 60 cents per month per \$1,000 for men at 21 up to \$1.20 per month per \$1,000 for men at 51.

The insurance is payable to beneficiaries in 240 monthly installments, covering a period of 20 years.

One point army officers wish emphasized is that the insurance payments will be made in addition to the compensation allowed by the government in such event the widow of a soldier who had subscribed for \$10,000 insurance would receive monthly for 20 years \$41.67 in insurance payments and \$25 in compensation for herself, and from \$10 to \$5 additional for each child.

Hundreds Discharged From Waco.

That drastic measures must be taken by the government to conserve the youth of the nation was the opinion expressed by officers of high rank at Camp MacArthur, Waco, Texas, after it had been learned that between 500 and 600 enlisted guardsmen and as many more selected soldiers will have to be discharged from the service because of physical disability.

Guardsmen are being discharged at the rate of about 10 a day. A number of these are Michigan men.

Because of the tremendous task ahead of the medical board that examines each man up for a discharge, it is doubtful whether the selective soldiers receive consideration for several weeks, although it is known that more than 500 of the 3,000 that came down here from Camp Custer will be sent to the hospital as unfit for military service. That this many eventually will be discharged is almost certain.

In almost every case considered so far, the soldier discharged was afflicted long before he enlisted. Among the most common grounds given for certificates of disability are "mentally deficient," flat foot, goitre, defective eyes, rheumatism, joint trouble and the results of injuries received early in life.

### CAMP CUSTER NOTES

Co. G, 337th Infantry, has been made recipient of a present of \$100 from residents of the Soo, the company members' home town.

The most remarkable physique in camp is that of Lawrence Myers, Detroit negro. Cantonment medical officers declare his physique is perfect. Myers is 6 feet tall and weighs 197 pounds. He was a sparring partner of Jack Johnson.

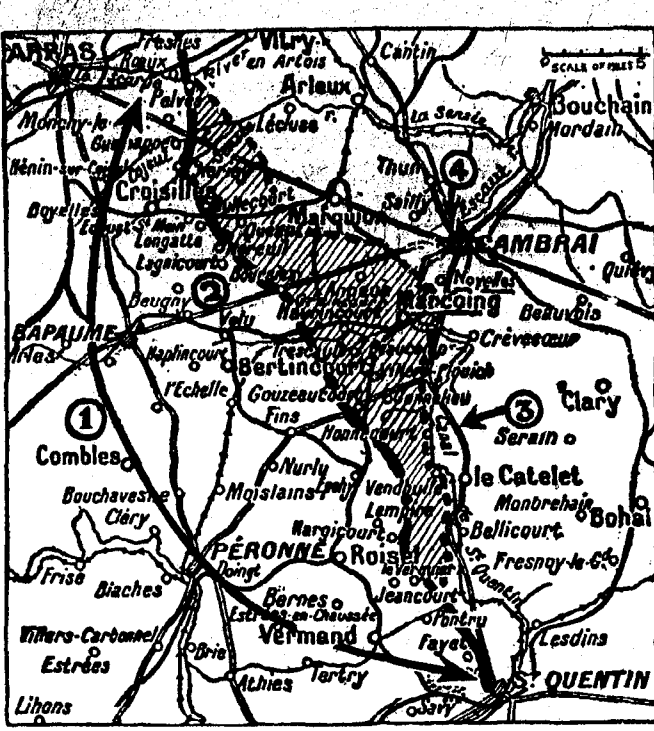
The war department has placed up to cantonment commanders the authority to pass on claims for exemption of the ground of dependent relatives when such claims are made by men now in service. Such claims must be filed within seven days after arrival at camp.

A protective league for young women, to look after the welfare of girls living in the zone of Camp Custer is to be organized under the direction of the War Recreation commission.

A study of French has become so popular in camp that the office of D. W. Springer, Y. M. C. A. educational director, is swamped with applications. Professor A. O. Canfield, head of the French department of University of Michigan, visited camp and conferred with regimental officers and plans were laid to secure more teachers.

Thirty classes are in operation.

## WHERE GREATEST VICTORY WAS WON



Smashing forward on a 32-mile front, on Tuesday of last week, the British forces under General Byng won Britain's biggest single victory of the war. In the first two days' fighting, more ground was taken than was gained in 15 days in the original Somme drive in 1916.

Use of hundreds of tanks, and no artillery preparation previous to the assault, featured the attacks.

The tanks crumpled heavy barbed wire entanglements and reinforced concrete redoubts, or forts. Infantry keeping up with the land monsters "mopped up" the fleeing, panic-stricken enemy, and after two lines of defenses had been stormed and the open reached, three divisions of British cavalry, 45,000 men in all, swept through the gap to seize towns far behind the original German lines.

The battle line (1) extended from the River Scarpe to San Quentin. The entire German line from Bapaume Cambrai road (2) to the Canal du Nord (3) was captured. Noyelles (4) was one of the advanced positions reached by the English.

## MAY CLASS RUSSIA AS ENEMY NATION

BOLSHEVIKI MOVE FOR PEACE THREATENS RELATIONS WITH AMERICA

### FRANCIS CONFIRMS DISPATCHES

Ambassador Cables Washington That Armistice Has Been Proposed by New Government.

Washington—Officials of this government regard the Bolsheviki move for an armistice between Russia and her enemies and the opening of immediate peace negotiations as an act that would place Russia almost in the list of unfriendly nations.

Press dispatches telling of the peace movement have been confirmed by a cablegram from Ambassador Francis. It said that Leon Trotsky, national commissioner for foreign affairs in the Bolsheviki government, had sent formal notification to diplomats at Petrograd that his government had adopted an armistice with a view to immediate peace negotiations.

Presenting Grave Problem.

It was pointed out that should these negotiations be successful, it would be most difficult to deal with Russia as a neutral country, in view of the position she has held as an ally of the nations fighting Germany and the marked advantage in the war that such a course might give the latter country.

Ambassador Francis has been given no instructions to deal with the Bolsheviki government. In reporting to the state department on the peace move, he made it clear that he had been advised that the Soviet congress had adopted a resolution instructing generals at the front to enter into negotiations at once with the German commanders relative to a three months' armistice, with instructions to report to the congress.

Ambassador Francis's dispatch, dated November 21, dispels any hope of a strengthening of Russia's resistance unless the Bolsheviki government should be quickly overthrown by a counter revolution.

### CAUCASUS FORMS NEW NATION

Breaks Away From Russia—Parliament of 40 Reputes Formed.

London—The Caucasus has declared its separation from Russia, according to dispatches from Petrograd.

A parliament of 40 deputies—members of the socialist parties and one bolsheviki adherent—has been formed. The news was carried to Petrograd by Mr. Tsereteli, former minister in the Kerensky cabinet.

Scaffold Breaks, Three Men Hurt.

Detroit—Three men were injured, one fatally, when a scaffold upon which they were piling cement blocks gave way, carrying the men to the basement four stories below, where they were buried beneath hundreds of pounds of building material. They had loaded the contents of three wheelbarrows containing the cement blocks on the scaffold when it broke under the strain, pulling out nearly 10 feet of the wall. The building is an apartment house under construction.

### Auto Factories Get Big War Orders.

Detroit—The bustle of a new activity, the activity of adjusting Detroit automobile plants to war work and war conditions, is manifested on all sides in Detroit. The Detroit automobile industry, which has a normal output of \$100,000,000 a year, will be the chief beneficiary of about \$500,000,000 worth of war contracts. These war contracts extend over several years, so that even if there is a curtailment in the production of passenger cars, the factories will be busier than ever.

## BOMB KILLS 11 IN POLICE STATION

FOUND IN CHURCH BASEMENT MISSILE EXPLODES WHILE BEING EXAMINED.

### BRO'T TO STATION BY ITALIAN

In Addition to Those Killed, Five Are Injured By Blast—Lower Floor of Building Wrecked.

Milwaukee—Eleven persons were killed and 5 injured Saturday night when a bomb, designed to destroy the Madonna del Pompili church, in the heart of third ward, an Italian settlement, exploded in central police station, where it had been carried for examination.

Seven detectives, three policemen and one woman were killed.

Three detectives, the station keeper and the desk lieutenant were injured. The bomb, evidently with a time fuse attached, was found in the basement of the church by an Italian, who took it to the police station.

While the Italian was being taken into the office of Lieutenant Flood for questioning, Desk Sergeant Henry Deckert took the bomb into the patrolmen's room.

Meanwhile detectives were answering roll call on the second floor and just before dismissal they were informed that the bomb had been found.

On going down stairs they grouped about the missile. It was then that the bomb exploded, killing seven of the number instantly.

The lower floor of the building was shattered and every window throughout the structure was broken by the shock.

The bomb was intended for the Rev. August Giuliani, who several months ago caused the arrest of anarchist leaders. Since then the Rev. Giuliani has been threatened several times and was in seclusion at Madison.

### U. S. DESTROYER SINKS U-BOAT

Officers and Crew Prisoners—Craft Disabled, Sunk by Treachery.

Washington—The United States navy has strayed a submarine for all the world to see. This time there is no shadow of a doubt. Forty-five Germans, officers and crew, are prisoners aboard a destroyer or landed at an allied port under guard.

The news came first in an official bulletin from the secretary of the navy, Mr. Daniels. It told how a destroyer sighted a periscope and charged on the flash. An American depth bomb struck the sea viper. Viciously stricken she came to the surface.

While the crew was being rescued, one of them slipped back into the hold and opened the submerging valves, sending the craft to the bottom, thus depriving the Americans of their prize after a long chase.

Another dispatch on the sinking of the U-boat says that all of the crew went down and were lost, but the first one seems to be authentic.

### MEAT PACKERS PROFITS CUT

Government Regulation of Industry Aims to Reduce Retail Price.

Chicago—Regulation of the packing industry, so that the price of meat to the retailer and consumer may be both stable and cheaper, was announced Saturday by Joseph P. Cotton, chief of the meat division of the United States food administration.

The annual earnings of the five big packing houses cannot exceed 9 percent on the average capital used in the business. This applies to the sale of meats.

On the side lines developed by the packers, such as the making of soaps, leather, glue and fertilizers, they are to be allowed a profit not to exceed 15 percent on their investment.

### SUBWAY PROPOSED FOR DETROIT

Project, Costing \$75,000,000, Recommended by Traffic Experts.

Detroit—Detroit must be ready when the war ends to build a joint subway and elevated rapid transit system, Baray, Parsons & Klapp, New York traffic experts, have reported to Mayor Martin.

A complete unified surface, overhead and subway system, which they recommend, would cost \$75,000,000.

A subway out Woodward avenue to the boulevard is the first advocated. This would mean a \$51,000,000 investment, including the car company cost. With an east and west system added it would be \$75,500,000.

### Thieves Kill Cow in Farm Yard.

Stockbridge—Thieves slaughtered and partly dressed a cow on the Hugh Sween farm, three miles south of here, and escaped with most of the beef. Officers have failed to discover the identity of the "butchers."

### U. S. Takes Hand in Strike.

Muskegon—A representative of the secretary of labor, has asked the district attorney to start suit to force the Linderman Machine Co. to grant strikers an eight-hour day.

### Widow Has Four Sons in Army.

Menominee—Mrs. Charles Lundberg, a widow, saw the last of her four sons enter federal service when August and Arthur Lundberg left with the third contingent of drafted men last week. Walter and Elmer Lundberg had already enlisted.

### Corn Dried in Council Chamber.

St. Louis—The city council has turned its chamber into a dryer for seed corn in an effort to relieve the shortage.

## STATE NEWS

Houghton—James D. Kinne, 55 years old, was killed when a revolver he was cleaning exploded.

Manistiquie—A gold piece was presented each of Schoolcraft county's 18 selected men at a banquet.

Holland—The headlights of an approaching automobile frightened away robbers who were holding up N. K. Prins, veterinary.

Kalamazoo—Maj. Gen. J. T. Dickman of Camp Custer sent a platoon of 200 men to the 72 Kalamazoo youths who left for camp. A patriotic parade marked the departure of the men.

Saginaw—Resolutions calling on President Wilson to consolidate under the American Red Cross all future campaigns for funds for war time benevolences were adopted here at a meeting of wealthy and influential citizens.

Oxford—How are you going to substitute cottage cheese for meat when even in a country neighborhood you can't get cottage cheese? That question is asked here because the high price of feed has caused the slaughter of so many milk cows that there now is a shortage of sweet milk for the local trade.

Iron Mountain—William H. Hampel of Randville, 13 miles from this city, who lost his life when the United States destroyer Chauncey was sunk, left this city last spring, shortly before war was declared, to enlist in the navy. He was an officer on the Chauncey. Before enlisting he was a section hand on the C. M. & St. P. railroad.

Wyandotte—Two members of Wyandotte Home Guards were injured seriously and six others hurt slightly when an automobile owned and driven by F. J. Patten, Detroit, ran into the company's rear column on Eddle avenue. Wyandotte Patten asserted he could not see the men because of blinding lights of another car.

Manistiquie—Filer Fiber Co. has opened its half million dollar plant employing 120 men.

Caro—Mrs. Alpin Greenfield, 22, died as a result of burns sustained at a fire in a local 10-cent store. Pouring oil in a stove to start a fire caused the fatal accident.

Detroit—When a team of runaway horses attached to a brewery wagon plunged through a school yard during the recess hour, Mildred Henze, was trampled to death.

Dimondale—Mrs. Ray Ireland, Dimondale's first woman munition maker, lost three fingers while working on a punch press. Her husband, who is a corporal at Camp Custer, has applied for her discharge.

Lansing—The attorney general has ruled that no one is entitled to run a motor vehicle under a 1915 license before January 1. The sole purpose of permitting such licenses to be obtained now is to avoid confusion.

Hillsdale—Sgt. Maj. Frederick K. Powell, of the British Royal Fusiliers, was killed in action the day after his promotion for bravery, according to word received here by his brother, A. R. Powell. Two other brothers, and three brothers of Mrs. Powell, are in service.

Isabella county, has rounded up seven men charged with a long list of burglaries in this and adjoining counties. The use of a peculiarly treaded tire on the auto of one of the men gave the officers a clue and enabled them to run down the gang.

Lansing—Petition to increase the telephone rates in 25 towns of the state have been filed with the Michigan railroad commission by the Citizens' Telephone company. Increases are sought in Ada, Alto, Byroncenter, Clarksville, Freeport, Grattan, Harvard, Jamestown, Leroy, Manton, Moline, Tustin, Bellevue, Caledonia, Midfield, Lowell, Nashville, Reed City, Rockford, Saranac, Vermontville, Belding and Ionia.

Kalamazoo—His mind unbalanced by a headache lasting seven years, Fred Price, 47 years old, of Comstock, was committed to the state hospital for the insane.

Ludington—Mrs. Edwin Shelby cut her war wedding cake with her husband's sabre. Her husband, Lieut. Edwin Shelby, of New Orleans, is instructor in military tactics at Washington.

Detroit—Ten years in prison is the penalty Judge Connolly inflicted upon Simon Machinow, who kidnapped a 14-year-old girl and "eloped" to Cleveland. William Woo was sentenced to serve a similar term for a like offense.

Pontiac—Locked in the refrigerator in his store at the Nine-mile road, J. H. Baehr was robbed by two strangers who rifled the safe they had forced him to unlock. He escaped from the icebox by pulling the lock off. The robbers took \$400.

Grand Rapids—Donald Carson, 14, lost two toes from his right foot when a shotgun in the hands of Charles Mabrose was accidentally discharged.

Marquette—After having been lost in the woods for three days on the Tequamenon river in Luce county, John Dietrich, of Saginaw, returned to Congressman Fordney's hunting camp at which he was staying, recounting a story of unusual hardships. While trailing a deer, he says, he got off the trail and next day found himself near the shore of Lake Superior, almost a score of miles from camp.

Read City—Public schools and churches of Read were closed and all meetings cancelled on account of an epidemic of smallpox.

Detroit—United States Marshal Behrendt put a \$1,000 padlock on the mouth of Frank Mansfield "to prevent him from making further remarks against the government." Mansfield, who is an alien enemy, was taken before the marshal on the charge of making utterances, strongly pro-German, and was required to furnish a \$1,000 bond, to be forfeited if he again talked against the United States.

## RELIEF FROM COAL SHORTAGE NEAR

FEDERAL FUEL ADMINISTRATION PROMISES TO HAVE COAL SENT HERE AT ONCE.

### PENNSY MINES TO FILL NEEDS

According to Dr. Garfield, Michigan's Desperate Plight Will Be Relieved Shortly.

Lansing—Michigan's coal famine will be ended within a few days.

The promise was made by Dr. Garfield in person to John C. Hicks, president of the St. Johns National bank, of St. Johns, Mich., and a special assistant to W. K. Prudden, of Lansing, federal fuel administrator for Michigan.

Administrator Garfield's promise, which relates entirely to anthracite, or hard coal, means, according to Mr. Hicks, that a supply of coal entirely adequate to meet all of the state's needs will be sent here direct from the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania, which furnishes practically all of the anthracite coal used in the country.

### No Strings on Pledge.

According to Mr. Hicks, Fuel Administrator Garfield in his promise made no stipulation or condition of any sort, save as to the method coal dealers are to employ in bringing about distribution of the coal, and this is simple.

Under details worked out by Mr. Hicks and the national fuel administration's anthracite division, Michigan's coal dealers, to obtain what coal they need, must apply to State Fuel Administrator Prudden, at Lansing, giving first the amount of coal needed, and then the name of their source of supply in 1916.

With this information in hand, Mr. Prudden, acting under authority from National Fuel Administrator Garfield, will see to it that the dealer is supplied through the same source from which he obtained his supply last year.

### Railroads Will Co-operate.

When asked if the railroad companies and other distributors and sources of supply would comply with the national fuel administrator's directions, Mr. Hicks said:

"Yes, that phase of the matter is covered fully under Dr. Garfield's authority. Coal companies must obey his instructions. If they do not, Dr. Garfield is empowered to find a way to make them."

Mr. Hicks said that, following his conference with Dr. Garfield, he talked with many of the larger coal operators in the east, and found them, without exception, entirely willing to co-operate with the government.

### RAILROADS MERGE FACILITIES

Equipment of All Lines Pooled to Get Maximum Efficiency.

Washington—Face to face with a threat of complete government operation and the cutting of their profits to a minimum, the railroads of the country have taken drastic steps to avert these contingencies.

At the conference here the roads representatives were told that their services must be improved or the job turned over to the government.

The following plan is to be put into effect at once:

Engines, rolling stock, machine tools and employees from railroads west of Chicago are to be transferred to the service of railways east of Chicago. The shops of the western roads are to be used for repair work on eastern road equipment. Train service west of Chicago is to be cut to the bone.

The government is to take full control of all the railway systems with the management of the roads executing the governmental orders.

### U. S. NOT TO SEIZE STATE MINES

Prudden Says Action Is Not Likely If Operators Continue Work.

Lansing—Although the government stands ready to take over the Michigan coal mines, if necessary, there is no likelihood of such action at this time.

One or two of the mines have been inclined lately to dispute some of the arrangements made for them by State Fuel Administrator Prudden, and the Washington order is the result. The federal authorities have simply told Mr. Prudden that if he says the word they will take over control of the mines.

The state administrator says that most of the Michigan operators are playing fair and if they continue to do so, action on his part will be withheld.



# SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHLAND.

## ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

### FINLAND.

Finland's position is desperate and her outlook hopeless, according to an appeal sent President Wilson by Professor Wandt. The whole nation, he declared, approaches the winter in a state of famine.

The Russian revolt has spread to Finland, apparently, judging from Copenhagen dispatches. They reported that delegates of the Baltic Russian fleet and committees representing the Russian army in Finland had decided to join the bolsheviks. This news tending to indicate Finland's decision against the Kerensky government, came coincidentally with other Copenhagen reports, quoting the newspaper Berlingske Tidende in Harparunda dispatches that the German fleet on Thursday reported in the Baltic, was attacking the Finnish port and naval station of Helsingfors.

Several detachments of Finnish troops have deserted the Russian colors and allied themselves with the German invaders of Finland, press dispatches declare.

### NORWAY.

During a debate in the storthing November 10 President Mowinkel of that body said that Norway did not approach America as a beggar. "We have rendered and can render to the western powers great services," he said, "and if we arrive at an understanding it will be as our rights, and not as a favor. But an understanding with America would be paid too dearly if it were to be at the cost of our neutrality or a breach with the other powers of the north. In that case we would prefer to give up the effort." Mowinkel said that it was important that the three northern powers should stand together during these trying times. "We should lose more by breaking with the northern powers and get food from America than standing together and starving," he said.

Premier Gunnar Knudsen, in opening a two weeks' course of temperance lectures at the university, said that all the people in Norway, temperance people as well as others, wish to cooperate in combating the abuses of alcohol, and the national authorities consider this one of their most important duties. "In this country we stand high with regard to sobriety," he said. "Norway is next to Finland, the country in the whole world where the least alcohol is used. Therefore it must be said that the Norwegian people, upon the whole, are a sober people. But alcoholic drinks are still the worst enemy of the working classes in particular."

Wages have increased nearly 200 per cent and in some special lines even more, according to Trygve Tillsch, a resident of Norway, who has arrived at Dickinson, N. D., to visit his uncle, T. E. Tillsch. All exports to Germany have been stopped by the government, except that 15 per cent of the fish caught may be sold to that country in exchange for certain necessities for the industry, which the allies cannot supply.

It is ten years since Romsdalen had such a dreary fall as it had this year. It rained almost every day for six weeks, and the grain became unfit for human food. In fact it is questionable whether it can be used even for fodder. People dug their potatoes when the rain was pouring down. The tubers had already commenced to rot in the ground, and it is feared that they will spoil in the cellars.

A London cablegram quotes a Reuter dispatch from Christiania to the effect that Germany has offered Norway grain, oil, and coal. Nothing is said about the terms on which this unexpected offer is made.

The first Scandinavian passenger ship to reach America from Norway in several months arrived recently, bringing 1,207 passengers. The vessel came by way of Halifax.

During the summer months there was plenty of work in Bergen. But by this time the supply exceeds the demand. A large number of seamen are out of work.

Consul Conrad Holmboe of Tromso has donated \$27,000 to his city on the occasion of the one hundredth anniversary of the establishment of the business firm of M. W. Holmboe & Sons. The gift is in the form of a legacy, the interest of which is to be used for the aid of advanced students in their work. This work must rest on a Christian basis.

The city council of Bergen has voted \$270,000 for new additions to the museum and \$135,000 for the support of a permanent city orchestra.

About 80 persons were regular attendants at a course of scientific temperance lectures at the University of Christiania. How important this work is considered by the government may be inferred from the fact that the course was opened by Premier Gunnar Knudsen.

Of eight young men who passed their examinations as pharmacists 20 years ago there are still living. They are the druggists Nygaard of Christiania, Tengen of Trondheim, and Billestad of Fredrikstad.

### SWEDEN.

The new cabinet of Sweden, formed in October by the premier, Nils Eden, liberal, represents the opinion of the Swedish people as closely as possible under prevailing circumstances. None of the political parties in the second chamber of the riksdag has a majority so as to be able to dictate the decisions of the chamber. Each party is dependent on one of the others. On account of the result of the new elections, King Gustaf desired a coalition cabinet, including representatives of all the political parties, conservatives, liberals, socialists. The leaders of the liberals and socialist parties, however, refused to join a cabinet with conservative members, and the conservative party, being the minority party of the second chamber after the recent elections, had to withdraw its claims for representation. Instead, the liberal representation in the cabinet has been increased. It is in the conservative party only that the political sympathy with Germany has been strong. The new cabinet includes six liberals, Nils Eden, premier; Erik Lofgren, minister of justice; Axel Schotte, minister of the interior; E. A. Nilsson, minister of agriculture; B. A. Tolren, minister without portfolio, one nonpartisan, J. Hellner, minister of foreign affairs, and four socialists, Hjalmar Branting, minister of finance; Erik Palmsterna, minister of marine; Verner Styden, minister of education, and B. O. Unden, minister without portfolio. This is the first time in Swedish history that representatives of the socialist party have become members of the cabinet, and consequently have had an opportunity to participate directly in the government. It is not unusual that a nonpartisan, former Lord Justice Johan Hellner, has been given the portfolio of foreign affairs. It indicates the prevailing opinion that the foreign politics of Sweden in the present crisis ought not to be a matter of party politics. Nils Eden, the new premier, was born in 1871. He got his education at the University of Upsala and devoted his study particularly to political history. He has published many important historical writings and was appointed professor of political history at the university in 1908. The crisis between Norway and Sweden in 1905, when the union was broken, became in a way decisive as to his career. Eden published a pamphlet on "The Swedish Program in the Union Crisis," translated into English, French and German. He joined the liberal party and became an ardent advocate of political franchise on a wide basis and of a broad parliamentary government. These principles he has been fighting for ever since. He was elected member of the second chamber of the riksdag in 1903, and when Karl Staaff became premier in 1911, Eden succeeded him as the leader of the liberal party of the second chamber. He had been member of the commission of investigation of the defense questions in Sweden, and has contributed to many important discussions in the riksdag on educational and constitutional matters. Foremost among the new socialist members stands Hjalmar Branting. He was born in Stockholm in 1869. From his early youth he has been fighting for radical ideas, and it is undoubtedly due to his leadership that the socialists now compose the largest political party of the second chamber of the Swedish riksdag. An editor of the socialist newspaper, Socialdemokraten, the mouthpiece of the social democrats, he has for several years made an uncompromising, somewhat ruthless, fight for socialism. He gave his support to the general strike in Sweden in 1909, but has refused to have any connection with the anarchistic ideas of the younger socialists. He has been deeply interested in the Russian revolution, and immediately after its outbreak visited his partisans in Russia. As minister of finance in Sweden Branting will play an important part in the political history of the country.

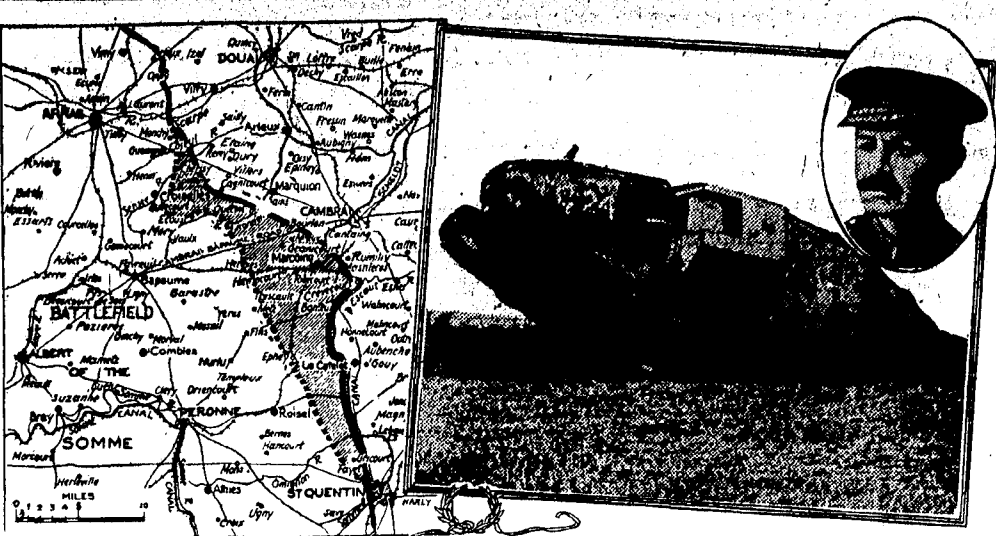
A correspondent suggests that Germany would be in a position to offer Sweden the Aland Islands for being good to her in the matter of iron ore. "We can afford to be good to Germany, for the more generous we are with iron the more surely will we get the Alands back." The old iron ore contracts between the two countries will expire next year. Nevertheless, some of the Stockholm newspapers say the occupation is dangerous for Sweden. The total area of the islands is 550 square miles. The Russian garrison in the recent months has been weak. There is no direct telegraphic connection between Stockholm and the islands. Even before the present war there was an understanding between Russia and Sweden that the Alands would not be fortified except in wartime. Last year there were pointed questions on this matter in the Swedish riksdag, but the foreign minister was able to allay excitement by stating that Russia had repeated her assurances of not fortifying the Alands after the war.

### DENMARK.

The government has put a maximum price on certain commodities, while others are left to the vague "laws of supply and demand." Attempts to nullify the rules of the government have induced the government to prohibit all kinds of advertisements offering to exchange goods upon which the government has placed a maximum price for goods on which no price has been fixed by the government.

In connection with the recent visit of King Gustaf of Sweden in Copenhagen the Extrabladet mentions the rumor that the betrothal of Crown Prince Christian of Denmark and Princess Martha of Sweden will soon be announced. Princess Martha is not quite seventeen years old, and is a daughter of Prince Carl, a brother of King Gustaf of Sweden.

M. Seldelin of Valle died at the age of ninety-three years. He was admitted to the bar in 1842, and at his death was the oldest lawyer in the country.



Map showing the region where the British have broken a great gap through the Hindenburg line and advanced almost to Cambrai. At the right, one of the huge tanks that played an important part in the advance, and Lieut. Gen. Sir Julian Byng, who led the victorious Third army in the attack.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

General Byng Smashes Through Hindenburg Line Toward City of Cambrai.

### BOCHES TAKEN BY SURPRISE

Tanks Play a Big Part in the Sensational Victory—Italians Bravely Resisting Powerful Attacks of Austro-Germans—Enemy Aliens in America Under Surveillance.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Lieut. Gen. Sir Julian Byng smashed a great hole in the Hindenburg line between St. Quentin and the Scarpe. General Diaz and his heroic Italians put a stop for the time being to the Austro-German attacks on the Piave river line. General Allenby and the British army in Palestine moved steadily on to the envelopment of Jerusalem. The French struck the crown prince's forces a hard blow in the Alsace sector. President Wilson placed the severest restrictions on enemy aliens in the United States.

Altogether it was not a pleasant week for Kaiser Wilhelm. General Byng's sensational advance, which was begun Tuesday and continued through the week, was hailed as the greatest British victory since the Somme. Its success was due largely to the element of surprise, for the British had been delivering their preparatory artillery fire much farther north and then suddenly attacking the Cambrai sector, taking the Germans quite unawares. General Byng, who devised the plan and whose army carried it out, first sent out a great number of tanks, and as these cleared away the barbed-wire entanglements and broke through two of the strongest lines in the German defense system in the west, the infantry and cavalry followed with a rush that carried all before it. The Germans were demoralized, and for many hours offered little resistance, surrendering by the thousand, and the British moved rapidly forward, taking village after village, and quickly consolidating the enemy positions, which had not been badly demolished by shell fire.

Almost to Cambrai. On Wednesday the resistance of the enemy stiffened considerably, but to no avail, for the British pushed on until they had put behind them the towns of Monstereux, Marconin, Ribecourt, Havrincourt, Graincourt and Flequeres. The tanks still were leading the way, and co-operating with them were the mounted forces, which have had so little opportunity for real action. By Thursday noon Byng's troops were but little more than two miles from Cambrai, and his big guns had begun to shell that most important German base and railway center.

The British swiftly built roads and light railways across the captured section up to their new lines and also began to widen out their salient, which at first was dangerously sharp. Crown Prince Rupprecht rushed up masses of troops and took up a strong position in Bourlon wood just north of the British salient, dominating the immediate region. He also pushed the advance posts of the British out of Fontaine Notre Dame, but they held and consolidated all the rest of the territory they had gained.

The secrecy which enveloped the preparations for this great movement was astounding and speaks volumes for the skill of the British commanders and the efficiency of the aviation corps which prevented the enemy air scouts from discovering the massing of troops and tanks. The Cambrai sector had been quiet for a long time, and the Germans considered that part of their defense lines impregnable. They also thought an attack in force on such defenses could not be made successfully without artillery preparation. At tremendous cost they have learned they were mistaken in both instances.

Attack Has Several Objects. Aside from the capture of Cambrai and the possible forcing of a general retreat of the Germans on the west front, the immediate object of this British offensive probably was to relieve the pressure on the Italians and

to prevent a threatened attack by the Teutonic forces on the Saloniki front. Very large numbers of German troops have been taken from the Russian front, and while many of them were sent to replace the worn-out divisions in Flanders, others probably were turned toward the Greek frontier. Not many could be used in Italy owing to the narrowness of the fighting front there.

It does not seem reasonable to assume, from the success of Byng's attack, that the allies have any idea of abandoning high explosive artillery preparation for such movements in the future and depending on the use of great masses of infantry, regardless of the consequent heavy casualties. Either great droves of tanks such as Byng used, or heavy shelling, is necessary to open the way for infantry, and it is likely the tanks alone could not have done it if the Germans had not been taken so completely by surprise.

The movements of the French last week were not so sensational as those of the British, but they were of great importance. A strong salient of the German line to the south of Juvincourt was attacked and partly straightened out, and all the positions recently won north of the Chemin des Dames were maintained. It is not unlikely that the Germans will be forced to a line north of Laon, losing that very important city.

Allenby Surrounding Jerusalem. Jerusalem seems the certain prize of General Allenby's expeditionary forces in Palestine, for after taking Jaffa he moved on to the east and northeast until he had the city almost surrounded. If the Turks attempt seriously to defend it, it may be Allenby will draw a cordon about it and starve them into surrender, rather than shock the Christian world by bombarding its holiest shrine.

The remarkable tenacity with which the Italians hold on to their Piave river line and its continuation in the mountains between the Piave and the Brenta so checked the Austro-German advance that attacks virtually ceased during the first half of the week. On Thursday, however, the enemy began a great mass attack on the upper Piave where it bends to the northeast into the Belluno Alps. The German commander brought into action picked troops of the Prussian guards, some of the best units from the west and the notoriously brutal mountaineers from lower Hungary.

### American Troops Going Over Fast.

It is no breach of confidential information to state now that the transportation of American troops to Europe is going forward with increasing rapidity, and that General Pershing probably will have a million men in his command by next summer. The training of a great part of the National army will be curtailed in America and completed quickly on French soil. The British government has now come over to the view of the French war commission that visited us, and is urging that our troops get into action in as large numbers and as swiftly as possible. This has been the program of the administration for some time, and the ship-building program has been speeded up accordingly. In fact, President Wilson is insisting on swiftness in all departments, and on Monday he made his requirements in this line clear to various cabinet officers and other officials. At the same time he appointed Daniel Wilson, chairman of the war industries board to succeed Frank A. Scott, who resigned on account of ill health.

Rear Admiral Capps resigned as general manager of the emergency steel corporation on Thursday because he does not believe the policy of constructing wooden ships will result satisfactorily, and thinks the shipping board should have extended existing plants to their capacity instead of attempting to build new yards. Chairman Hurley, however, is eradicating many of the causes of complaint and his program promises to be successful if he can get enough labor.

Mr. Wilson is earnestly—even insistently—in favor of the creation of a supreme war council of the allies, and has instructed Colonel House to do all he can to bring it about at the Paris conference.

Triumph for Lloyd-George. When Premier Lloyd-George came to reply to his critics in parliament concerning his advocacy of the inter-allied war council, he gained a great personal triumph and quite routed Asquith and his followers. In the course of his speech he said the government

ceased to fear the submarine menace, and that the only other thing that could shatter the allies' hope of victory was lack of unity. That, he asserted, was now to be remedied.

Next day, in the Anglo-American war council, the premier made his call for as many American troops as possible, and said the easing of the position of the allies depends entirely on the dates on which the American program of launching six millions of shipping in 1918 comes into practical effect. He asserted that the most drastic food restrictions were about to be placed on the people of the British isles, and said he regarded the tightening of the blockade as of next importance.

### Russia Asks an Armistice.

The Russian government—meaning the bolshevik group in control of Petrograd—on Wednesday instructed General Bukhonin, the commander in chief, to open negotiations for an armistice with the commanders of the enemy armies. Bukhonin refused and was deposed, being succeeded by Ensign N. Kryukov of the navy. The kaiser is reported already to have refused to treat concerning peace with any but the legalized successors to the government of the czar or the constitutional assembly when it meets, but the way in which he has denounced his eastern line of troops shows he has no further fear of hostile action by the Russians. Whether or not he is justified in this attitude is uncertain, for there come from Russia stories of violent protests against a separate peace by the people, and in some cases by the soldiers.

General Kaledines, hetman of the Don Cossacks, was reported to be marching toward Moscow with a large army, and in a very roundabout way came the story that these troops had been turned over to Grand Duke Nicholas, cousin of the former czar, in pursuance of a plan to restore the monarchy with the grand duke as regent. Latest reports of Kerensky were that he was at Lugansk with two army corps that remained loyal to his faction. The fallen premier, however, seems to be quite out of the reckoning.

The dismemberment of Russia proceeded with the declaration of the independence of the Ukraine, and a compromise between the Socialist and Bourgeois parties in Finland directed against the Russian soldiery. It is said 360,000 Ukrainian troops have been recalled from the front.

### Restrictions on Enemy Aliens.

President Wilson opened the week auspiciously by issuing the long-needed order placing all enemy aliens under strict surveillance and imposing drastic restrictions on them. They are barred from the District of Columbia and Panama, from all shipping centers and all domestic waters except on public ferries, and may not travel or change their place of abode or occupation without permission. All enemy aliens are to be required to register. The proclamation applies only to German citizens or subjects at present, but congress may be asked to declare war against Austria-Hungary, so that the thousands of Austrian subjects also may be placed under surveillance.

Squelching the opposition of a few pacifists, the American Federation of Labor, in convention at Buffalo, emphatically endorsed the position of President Gompers, that union labor must work hand in hand with President Wilson and place the needs of the nation above all other considerations in questions involving the workman's part in the prosecution of the war.

As a result of a long conference Thursday afternoon between President Wilson and the presidents of the four brotherhoods of railway employees, the chief executive believed the danger of a general railway strike was greatly lessened if not wholly averted. Mr. Wilson intimated that he thought the men should have higher wages, and the brotherhood heads said that, though they could not promise there would be no strike, they would co-operate with the government to the utmost extent in arriving at a just and equitable as well as patriotic conclusion.

Germany has been working on a plan for operating submarines along the coast of Brazil, with bases in Brazilian waters, according to disclosures resulting from the arrest of a prominent resident of Rio de Janeiro. It may be some of the U-boats already are there, for fishermen and coastwise vessels near Rio Grande do Sul some further provision himself for a dependent parent, brother, sister or grandchild, they may be included in the government allowance.

"If, as a result of injuries incurred or disease contracted in the line of duty, an officer or enlisted man or an army or navy nurse should be disabled, provision is made for compensation of from \$30 to \$100 a month to him, and, should he die, compensation of from \$30 to \$75 a month will be paid to his wife, his child or his widowed mother."

### MUST APPLY BEFORE FEB. 12

Secretary McAdoo Explains Terms Under Which Enlisted Men and Nurses May Obtain Insurance.

All officers and enlisted men and nurses in the army and navy are urged in an address issued by Secretary McAdoo to apply to the bureau of war risk insurance at Washington for government life insurance before Feb. 12. Failure to apply by that date, he explained, would bar them from benefits,

dependents of any man killed before that time, however, will receive insurance payments, regardless of whether applications were made.

"To care for the wife and children of the enlisted man during his service," said Secretary McAdoo, "the war insurance law compels him to contribute up to one-half of his pay for their support. The government, on application, will add to this an allowance of from \$5 to \$50 a month, according to the size of the family. Moreover, if the enlisted man will make

# THE KITCHEN CABINET

When eggs grow cheap, we'll surely make a cake. Some happy afternoon, for early tea, And what a joyful thrill 'twill give to know That we may use two eggs, or even three!

How odd 'twill seem to bring to light once more The dear old cake tin with its nutting deep, And butter it—Ah! what a stirring time, When eggs grow cheap! —Harriet Whitney Symonds.

### TASTY EATS.

Here is a tomato salad that is different. Scald a half dozen of small, even-sized tomatoes, peel them and cut in quarters to within an inch of the stem and chill them well. Beat a cupful of heavy sour cream until stiff, add a half cupful of powdered sugar, a cupful of vinegar, a half teaspoonful of salt, a dash of cayenne and a half cupful of grated horseradish. The mixture should be quite stiff. Place the tomatoes on nests of lettuce, fill with the dressing and garnish with parsley sprigs.

Potato Dumplings.—Sift together 1½ cupfuls of flour with four teaspoonfuls of baking powder with a half teaspoonful of salt, add three teaspoonfuls of butter to the mixture, rubbing it into the flour, then three-fourths of a cupful of milk, half a cupful of rice potato, and one egg beaten light. Turn upon a floured board and knead slightly; roll into a sheet and cut in rounds. Set close together in a buttered steamer and cook 15 minutes without opening the steamer.

Crumb Bread.—Crums that are dried, ground through the meat chopper and kept long will make a bread that is both wholesome and digestible. Take four cupfuls of hot water, when lukewarm add a yeast-cake that has been softened in one cupful of the water, three cupfuls of bread crumbs, two cupfuls of graham flour, and enough white flour to make a very stiff dough, add two teaspoonfuls of salt, and two tablespoonfuls of shortening. Let rise, work down, then place at once in the tin; let rise again and bake. This makes four loaves. For a small family half the recipe will suffice. Buttered crumbs in a generous layer over chopped apple spiced and sweetened, then baked, makes a most wholesome pudding, named Brown Betty.

The rinds from bacon should be saved to try out long or used to grease the griddle. The liquor in which ham is boiled should never be wasted. Cabbage or a boiled dinner may be cooked in the broth, seasoning all the vegetables.

A woman should always keep her trouble to herself or at least until she meets somebody who is looking for it. Fun gives you a forcible hug and shakes laughter out of you, whether you will or not.

### THE GOOD OLD POTATO.

We are now enjoying the fine potatoes that are once more plentiful and cheap. Potatoes are at their best when simply prepared, such as baked or boiled. A generous supply of potatoes will lessen the bread consumption and thus help in the saving of wheat. When baking potatoes scrub them well and grease them lightly, the skin will be softened and there will be very little waste. Baked potatoes should be served just as soon as they are done, to be in prime condition. If it is necessary to wait for a late comer, break open the potato and let out the steam, then return to the oven. If the late comer is very late, put a slice from the top of the potato and scrape out the inside, season with butter, onion juice, celery salt and pepper, with a little hot milk or cream, beat well and return to the shell; place in the oven to brown.

Hashed Brown Potatoes.—Cut two cupfuls of cold boiled potatoes into small pieces, season with salt and pepper, cook three minutes in one-third of a cupful of brown drippings, stirring constantly. Let stand a few seconds to brown underneath, then fold like an omelet.

Potato Soup.—Boil three medium-sized potatoes and when soft rub through a sieve. Scald a small sliced onion in a quart of skim milk with a stalk of celery cut up fine. Take out the vegetables and pour the milk slowly on the potatoes. Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter or other fat, mix with two tablespoonfuls of flour, and when well blended add to the soup. Season with salt and pepper, let boil up, strain, add two more tablespoonfuls of fat and sprinkle with parsley to serve.

The number of vegetables eaten, the amount of cereal to cook and the amount of meat to serve are all things for every thinking woman to put time upon these days. An onion saved, a potato left over, a spoonful of squash may be put into a warmed-over dish, but many families rebel at leftovers.

### Growing Dillfrags.

It has been discovered that the thick, spongy gourd of the luffa plant, which grows easily and requires but little attention makes the best kind of dish-cloths and bath sponges. An Ohio woman is making a good living raising them. She sold over 1,000 to one garage company alone for use in the washing of automobiles. Out into the luffa gourd makes a kind of lace widely used by milliners, and it is also admirably adapted to the making of flower baskets.

The health and morals of a people depend mainly upon the food they eat, and the homes they live in.—Ellen Richards.

### VARIETY THE SPICE OF LIFE.

Bread and butter with potatoes will stand the everyday test, but the most delicious dish in the world will lose its charm by being served too often. Lack of variety in the diet is often due to sheer laziness. A mental laziness may be just as serious a failing as a moral and physical laziness. Many a housewife who is the soul of industry, does not exercise her brains in planning for her table. A notebook and pencil used with thought once a week will plan the meals for the family in a half hour. If one is too busy, or too tired to add variety to the table of what advantage is it to think of what might be? The man of the house loses all interest in food, the children lose their appetites in the household where the rut traveled is growing deeper and deeper. Don't bore the family or members of the family with questions as to what they would like, for the thinking housewife will find out without seeming to inquire. To many it spoils a meal to know beforehand what they are going to have. Never, as you value your reputation as an intelligent housekeeper, never let your family say "this is rice-pudding day, or codfish gravy day at our house." To be successful the cook must keep her troubles to herself, as perplexities in the home are best not shared.

Variety in our diet is as important as it is in other things, and the dish that comes as a surprise is always most enjoyed. We need to remember Turner's famous reply to a man who inquired how he mixed his colors: "With brains, sir," and nowhere can brains be put to so good a use as in the preparation of food for the family. Chocolate Pudding.—Take one pint of hot milk, one cupful of bread crumbs, and three tablespoonfuls of chocolate, bake for 25 minutes. Sauce.—Beat one egg and one cupful of sugar together, add three tablespoonfuls of boiling water and a tablespoonful of butter. Stir and serve immediately.

Excellent Frosting.—Four tablespoonfuls of milk, one cupful of sugar boiled together until it spins a thread. Beat until thick, flavor or add melted chocolate if desired. No form of service is drudgery, if the one who serves is free. All forms of service, mental, or physical, are drudgery if the one who serves is in a "state of bondage."

If all the world were playing holiday, to Shakespeare would be as tedious as to work.—Shakespeare.

### ECONOMY IN SMALL THINGS.

We have all heard that "little leaks sink a great ship," and we know that there are countless little leaks going on in our households for which we are directly responsible. The woman who does her own marketing in person saves many a dime in her purchases. When the goods are delivered she may be present to check up the parcels and weigh those that are brought by weight. Today an ounce of meat short of what you have paid for means a loss, and a quarter of a pound short amounts to five or ten cents, depending on the price of the meat bought. This shortage may not mean anything but carelessness on the part of the butcher, but when he knows that his goods will come back if not just as ordered, it will make a difference in the care taken in filling the order. The woman who says "never mind, it is too small to mention" will find that five cents a day will amount to a dollar in less than a month and over \$12 in the course of a year. The maids in our homes must be taught to be less wasteful, to be more careful in preparing food in right amounts so there will be none or very little left over to make a problem of disposal.

The wood and coal bill, as well as the gas and electricity, may all be lessened by proper thought. The roaring fire when none is necessary; just shut the dampers of the stove when not in use. When making pudding, if there are pieces enough, which is easy to plan for, knowing the family appetite, there is no waste.

In using soap, if the cake is left in the water it is softened and wasted; more is used than needed. Many workers will make half a cake of soap as far and do as good work as others who use a whole cake. Soap pieces may be saved, melted and used in the boiler or bits may be saved for the soap shaker in dish washing. Illumination bills may be greatly lessened by turning off the light if absent from the room but five minutes. Habits of thrift are best begun in childhood, but thought will do much to overcome wasteful practices.

Neenie Maxwell

Soap Berry Tree. The Jaboncello or soap berry tree grows in the humid parts of western Ecuador. It attains a height of about fifty feet and has wide-spreading branches and immense quantities of fruit of the size and shape of cherries. The nearly transparent yellowish skin and pulp surrounding the round black seeds are so saponaceous as to be used instead of soap by many people of Ecuador; being equivalent to more than fifty times their weight of that material.



Have you seen the new

UNBREAKABLE  
VACUUM BOTTLE?

## The Ferrostat

in one and two quart sizes

They are the best ever offered the public and positively guaranteed against breakage. Ask to see them.

## Central Drug Store

Grayling, Michigan

A Request

EAT,  
CASSIDY'S  
MODEL BREAD

A Statement

A Bread that will stand the test of Comparison.

We ask the home that is unsatisfied with the bread now used—to test CASSIDY'S.

A Fact

It will prove its high quality to you as it has to hundreds of other homes

Demand The Original By Full Name  
CASSIDY'S MODEL BREAD  
Others Encourage Substitution

## Model Bakery

THOS. CASSIDY,  
Proprietor

THE HOME OF PURITY AND QUALITY

## L. J. KRAUS

DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Builders' Supplies  
Paints and Oils, Sporting Goods  
Plumbing and Tin Shop

The stove season is now here. Come in and look over our line of

HEATING STOVES  
and RANGES

We carry the Florence Hot Blast Air Tight; the Universal Line, Peninsular and Garland

Come in and look over our Guns and Ammunition

Yours for business,

L. J. KRAUS

## Max Landsberg

SHOES, CLOTHING AND GENTS'  
FURNISHING GOODS

## WE HAVE MOVED

Our new location is in the new Salling building recently occupied by the Royal Cafe, and now we want the people of Crawford county to know that we are doing business at the new stand. We want you to get acquainted with our store and our service. Steady customers are what we want and if you once come here you will soon get the habit of coming here for all your needs in our line.

## MAX LANDSBERG

## WANT A GOOD POSITION

DETROIT

Selling

## Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.  
One Year.....\$1.50  
Six Months......75  
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, NOV. 29



## Honoring Mr. Hanson.

Taken from the November number of "Service," The State of Michigan in the War, published at Lansing.

Mr. Rasmus Hanson of Grayling is being recognized by the people of the state of Michigan as one of the best friends that the Michigan National Guard ever had. Several years ago he presented the magnificent tract of 15,000 acres of land near Grayling to the state to be used forever as a military reservation. This year, he erected near brigade headquarters on the camp site, a fine officers' club, as described in another column, at a cost of about \$10,000.

Before the Michigan organizations departed, he presented to each headquarters several hundred dollars for a mess fund. The fact has never been published that he did precisely the same thing last year when the troops left for the border, insisting at that time that nothing be said about it.

In recognition of his many services and of his real affection for the Michigan men who wear the uniform, appropriate action was taken at the meeting of the Board on Sept. 12. The following is an extract from the official records:

The Governor offered the following resolution and Mr. Vaughan moved its adoption:

Whereas, In the Hanson State Military Reservation the state of Michigan is possessed of one of the finest military reservations for the use of its National Guard that is to be found in any state in the Union; and

Whereas, Said reservation has been made possible through the donation of fifteen thousand acres of land adjacent to the City of Grayling in Crawford County, composing the original site thereof; and

Whereas, The value of said reservation for military purposes since its donation has been greatly enhanced by the erection thereon, and presentation to the state, of a magnificent clubhouse and auditorium; and

Whereas, Said original site and the beautiful clubhouse, recently completed, are the personal gifts to the state of Mr. Rasmus Hanson, of Grayling, Michigan; therefore be it

Resolved, By the War Preparedness Board of the state of Michigan in session assembled at the Capitol, That through the medium of this Board the sincere appreciation of the people of the state of Michigan be expressed to Mr. Hanson for his generous gifts of land and building for said military reservation; and be it further

Resolved, That an engrossed copy of this Resolution be presented to Mr. Hanson as a slight token of said appreciation.

Dated at Lansing, this 12th day of September, 1917.

Mr. Keeler supported the motion. Yeas: Mr. Keeler, Mr. Fuller, Mr. Odell, Mr. Vaughan and the Governor.

## Coy News.

Mrs. Jas. Asum was taken to the hospital at Grayling Tuesday where she underwent an operation for appendicitis. Friends are glad to know she is improving.

Oliver B. Scott left Monday for Grayling where he will visit his wife at Mercy hospital.

Wade Hoogland and family visited at the home of John Floeter and wife Sunday.

Miss Beatrice Richardson spent Wednesday with Marguerite Scott.

Miss Carrie McGillis left Monday to teach at the Wayne school in Gerish township.

Mrs. Waldo Kellogg spent Friday with Mrs. Geo. Royce.

Mrs. E. B. Hollowell left Thursday morning for Stanton Mich. where she was called by the illness of her daughter Elsie.

Oliver B. Scott and family visited at the home of his father Joseph Scott and family.

Emil Lendino made a business trip to Grayling Saturday.

## "The Libertine."

"The Libertine" which comes to the Opera house for a special presentation on Friday night Nov. 30 is a story of a millionaire clubman who can afford to "play the game" and the little woman who never can. It has many interesting and startling situations, which with all, at the conclusion leaves the best sort of an impression and a matter to think over for some time to come. While strong in style in some respects, yet "The Libertine" is a story that is going to cause many a girl to think. Prices 15 and 25 cents.

## Certain Cure for Croup.

Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says, "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately, and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."

## "WE WON'T WIN IF WE WASTE"

## Tested Wartime Recipes

FOR USE IN MICHIGAN

To the Housewives of Michigan:  
The following recipes have been prepared and tested at the Michigan Agricultural College under the supervision of Dean Georgia L. White, member of the executive committee of the Michigan food conservation service. They are practical, economical, and of first class dietary value.

They have been prepared with special view to Michigan conditions—native products being utilized so far as possible, and market prices in this section of the country being taken into special account.

They lay down a practical method by which Michigan cooks may assist in the great movement to SAVE FOODSTUFFS. Use them. Help the cause. Help win the war.

GEORGE A. PRESCOTT,  
Michigan Food Director.

## SCALLOPED POTATOES.

Wash, pare and cut 4 potatoes in one-fourth inch slices. Put in a layer in buttered baking dish, sprinkle with salt and pepper, dredge with flour, and dot over with 1-2 tablespoon butter or oleo; repeat. Add hot milk until it may be seen through to the top layer. Bake 1-1 1/4 hours or until potato is soft. Slices of bacon or freshened salt pork may be added to top of potato if the amount of butter is lessened.

Variations for cooked potatoes: a. Cut potatoes in dice of uniform size; season with salt, pepper, butter. Sprinkle with chopped parsley. b. Cut cooked potatoes in cubes or slices. Add white sauce. Cheese may be added to this white sauce; c. Put creamed potatoes into a buttered baking dish; cover the top with buttered bread crumbs; bake until brown; d. Arrange alternate layers of creamed potatoes and grated cheese in a buttered baking dish; cover the top of the dish.

## STUFFED BAKED POTATOES.

Cut baked potatoes in half, remove the pulp, mash it, add enough milk for the usual consistency of mashed potatoes, and season with butter, salt and pepper. Fill the cases with this mixture, dot the tops with butter or brush with milk, and bake for eight or ten minutes in a hot oven. Potatoes may be stuffed in the morning and heated for noon or in the evening for supper.

Variations: To the mashed potatoes, before the cases are filled, may be added any one or a combination of the following: a. Beaten white of egg (1 egg to 3 medium-sized potatoes); b. Grated cheese (1-2 cupful to 3 medium-sized potatoes); c. Chopped meat (1-2 cupful to 3 medium-sized potatoes); d. Chopped parsley (1 T to 3 medium-sized potatoes.)

## WHITE SAUCE.

2 T butter or oleo; 2 T flour; 1-2 t salt; 1 c milk. Melt the butter, add the flour, salt, pepper, and stir until mixture is smooth. Add milk. Stir sauce until it thickens. Cook five minutes. Add to potatoes.

Variations: a. Combine potatoes and peas for creamed vegetables; b. Combine potatoes and carrots for creamed vegetables. c. Parsley or cheese may be added to the white sauce; d. Paprika or green peppers may be added to white sauce.

## SCALLOPED POTATOES.

Remove the skin from boiled potatoes and cut in slices one-fourth inch thick. Arrange the sliced potatoes in layers in a buttered baking dish, covering each layer with white sauce (recipe above). Sprinkle the top with buttered crumbs, and bake for about twenty minutes.

Variations: Add in layers, a. Hard-boiled egg, sliced; b. Grated cheese; c. Minced ham, beef, etc.

## BAKED POTATOES.

Select potatoes of uniform size; wash them with a vegetable brush; place them on the grate in a hot oven; bake them about forty-five minutes or until soft. Crack the skin in order to let out the steam which otherwise would condense and cause soggy skin.

## RICED POTATOES.

Force cooked potatoes through a ricer or a coarse strainer into a hot vegetable dish. Avoid handling in order to keep the potatoes light and attractive in appearance. Variation: Brown in a buttered baking dish in the oven.

## BOILED POTATOES.

Select potatoes of same size so that they will cook evenly. Scrub clean and pare thinly. Drop into boiling water and boil until soft. Salt when half done. When done, drain off every drop of water and shake over the fire until dry.

## CREAMED POTATOES.

3 to 4 medium-sized potatoes. Pare and cut potatoes in cubes. Drop in boiling water. Cook until tender. Drain. Add white sauce.

## BOILED POTATOES WITH SKINS.

Select potatoes of same size. Scrub clean. Drop into boiling water and boil until soft. Skins may be removed before serving.

## STEAMED POTATOES.

Prepare the potatoes as for boiling. Place them in a steamer, cover tightly, and steam for about 30 minutes or until tender.

NOTE—In all of these recipes all measurements are level, and T equals tablespoon, c equals cup, and g equals a few drops.

## An Old Man's Stomach.

As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 85 or 90, you will find that he is a light eater. He is careful as you will, however, you will occasionally encounter the man who will not feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain opium, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.

## Goodfellowship Club Notes.

The Woman's club were guests of the Goodfellowship club Monday evening at the home of Mrs. T. W. Hanson. Miss Yull, who is an accomplished musician, entertained the ladies with two piano selections—Beethoven's Moonlight Sonata, and Humorsque.

Mrs. O. Michelson gave a very fine paper on Influence of music. Mrs. C. Hathaway read America's Thanksgiving. An impromptu spelling match was enjoyed by all. Mrs. Esbern Olson receiving the prize. After adjournment of the meeting, light refreshments were served; then all joined in singing the Star Spangled Banner.

## Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

Services are held in the "Danebod" every Sunday. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock. Evening at 7:00 o'clock.

## MASHED POTATOES.

Thoroughly mash cooked potatoes. Add four tablespoons hot milk, one tablespoon butter, and a little salt and pepper to each pint of potatoes. Beat until light and pile lightly on a hot serving dish.

Variations: a. Shape mashed potatoes into small cakes. Brown in a frying pan in a small amount of hot fat. Center may be filled with peas or bits of meat; b. Puff: Add beaten whites of eggs (2 eggs to 6 medium-sized potatoes). Pile the mixture lightly in a baking dish and bake in the oven until it puffs and browns. The yolks of the eggs and grated cheese also may be added; c. Potato Border: Spread a wall of mashed potatoes one inch thick around the outside of a buttered pan. Remove the pan, and fill the center with creamed meat or fish. Reheat before serving; d. Mashed potatoes may be shaped as pears or apples. Paprika may be sprinkled on for coloring and a clove or short cut of macaroni in the end for the stem. Brown before serving.

## CODFISH BALLS.

2 C mashed potatoes; 1-1 1/2 C shredded codfish (freshened and slightly par-boiled until soft); 1 egg; 1 T butter; 1 T milk.

To the mashed potatoes add the codfish, butter, and milk. Beat the mixture until light. Add the egg which has been well beaten. Drop spoonfuls of this mixture into a kettle of hot fat, frying not more than six or seven at a time. Remove the balls when a delicate brown and drain on unglazed paper. These balls may be baked or browned in a small amount of fat.

## POTATO SOUP.

2 C hot rice or mashed potatoes; 1 qt. milk; 2 slices onion; 3 T butter or oleo; 2 T flour; 1-2 t salt; 1 g. celery salt; 1 g. pepper; 1 g. cayenne; 1 t chopped parsley.

Scald the milk with the onion, remove the onion. Add the milk slowly to the potatoes. Melt the butter; add to it the dry ingredients; stir the mixture until it is well blended. Add this to the liquid mixture, stirring constantly and boil. Add parsley or not as desired. Serve.

## POTATO SALAD.

6 cold boiled potatoes; 4 T salad oil or melted butter; 1 g. cayenne pepper; 1 d. onion juice; 2 T vinegar; 1-2 T salt; 2 T chopped parsley.

Cut the potatoes in 1-2 inch cubes. Make a dressing by mixing thoroughly the other ingredients. Pour this dressing over the potatoes and allow them to stand 15 minutes. The salad may be garnished with lettuce or parsley. Serve with a cream dressing or mayonnaise.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost is Small.

## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No adv. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

LOST—Saturday night, Nov. 17, a brown silk taffeta coat. Finder kindly leave at this office.

FOUND—Monday after school, a gold Bracelet watch. Owner may call for same at Hathaway's Jewelry store.

STRAYED—A black yearling bull with straight horns with a notch on the left ear. Please notify Louis Dellaire, Frederic, Mich. 11-29-17

LOST—A black fur cuff, Thursday night Nov. 22, between M. C. depot and my residence. Finder please notify Mrs. R. S. Babbitt. Liberal reward. 11-29-17

FOR RENT—One large room with bedroom adjoining, for rent unfurnished. Suitable for light housekeeping. Inquire of Mrs. George Isenbauer. Phone 471. 11-29-17

FOR SALE—35 Remington automatic rifle. Will sell cheap or trade for Savage 22 high power. Newell Underhill, Lovells, Mich.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT—Three good rooms, good location. George Bennett. Phone 843.

LOST—One red Durham dehorned cow. Please notify Milks &amp; Nelson, Grayling, Mich.

LOST—Auto tire attached to rim. Tire 4x32 inch Goodyear. Finder will be rewarded by notifying Dr. C. A. Canfield, Grayling. 11-29-17

FOR SALE—Ari Garland base burner for hard coal. In good order. For sale cheap. Arthur Maxwell. 11-29-17

FOR SALE—A piece of land on T. Town road adjoining M. C. R. R. tracks approx 28 acres. I will sell this at a real bargain to close out my interest in this vicinity. Address J. W. Overton, R. F. D. No. 1 Flint Mich. 11-29-17

WOULD the person that found \$15.00 in Mink's meat market or on the street between the Salling and Salling Hanson Co. store Saturday night, Oct. 27, please return to Archie Graham and get reward. 11-1-17

NICE CLEAN cotton wiping rags wanted at the Avalanche office. Will pay 5 cents per pound.

Warm  
Wearing  
ApparelFor  
Winter  
Wear

This is a season when warm, comfortable wearing apparel is going to be a necessity.

When the winter blasts appear, the body must be kept comfortable. Carelessness in this regard is the breeder of colds, pneumonia and other illness.

BESIDES IT IS CHEAPER TO KEEP WELL THAN TO BECOME ILL.

## Mackinaws and Pants

The Well-Known Soo Line.

## Heavy Wool Socks

Your feet will be comfortable in a pair of our warm, wool socks. We have lighter weight socks and stockings for any and all occasions.

## SALLING, HANSON CO.

The Pioneer Store

## PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 7th day of November A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of James Smith, deceased.

Hannah J. Smith having filed in said court her petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to John J. Niederer or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 30th day of November, A. D. 1917, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County.

OSCAR PALMER,  
Judge of Probate. 11-15-17

## Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling in said County, on the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1917.

Present: Hon. Oscar Palmer, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Elina Jensen, deceased.

George H. Sorenson having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Christ Jensen or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 10th day of December, A. D. 1917, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

OSCAR PALMER,  
Judge of Probate. 11-22-17

## Notice by Purchaser Under Tax Sale.

To the owner or owners of any and all interests in or liens upon the land herein described:

Take notice that sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the County in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent additional thereto, and the fees of the sheriff for the service of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description without other additional cost or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Situating in the County of Crawford, State of Michigan, to-wit:

The East half (E. 1/2) of Southeast quarter (S. E. 1/4) of Section Thirty-four (34), Township Twenty-five North (25 N.), Range two (2) West. Containing 80 acres more or less.

Amount paid \$10.88. Taxes for 1913. ADDISON M. DECOURENS.

Place of business: 2027 Ridge Ave., Evanston, Ill. 11-29-17

Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold.

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

For a Weak Stomach.

As a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and when constipated, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets.



## "My Druggists"

Is the way we want you to refer to us

The reason we aspire to be known as your druggist is because we know that we can fill the bill.

We carry everything that should be found in a first-class drug store. All of the nationally advertised proprietary remedies, a full line of toilet articles, rubber goods of all kinds, an unsurpassed line of toilet soaps and medicinal soaps, fine candies and chewing gum, cigars and tobacco, post cards, etc.

### PRESCRIPTIONS

Receive close attention and are compounded with extra care for every detail. Our prescriptionists are expert and give personal attention to every prescription that comes to our store. We confidentially expect your patronage on our merits.

**A. M. LEWIS**

Your Druggist Phone 18

### Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, NOV. 29

Today is Thanksgiving. Shop early, and at Hathaway's. Get your tires and tubes at Burke's garage.

Albert Borchers was in Bay City Monday.

Miss Bernadette Cassidy is spending Thanksgiving in Cheboygan.

"The Libertine" at the Opera house next Friday night. Prices 15 and 25 cents.

Henry Joseph returned Monday from a trip to Detroit, Chicago and Milwaukee.

Get your Mackinaws at Frank's. They are going fast. It's up to you to get them before sizes are broken.

A. M. Lewis fell from a ladder, while putting up storm windows at his home Tuesday, and sprained an ankle.

Misses Bessie and Helen Brown, also Mrs. Frank Woodruff and daughters, Violet and Ruth are in Bay City visiting friends over Thanksgiving.

Mose Blondin returned last week to his work at Cheboygan, after a month's visit with his sisters, who reside in Bay City, Johannesburg and this city.

Mrs. Joseph Ausum of Roscommon was brought to Mercy hospital this city Wednesday of last week to undergo an operation for appendicitis, from which she has been suffering.

Gaylord had another fire Saturday night, Nov. 17, when the Gaylord Manufacturing Co.'s wood working plant burned. The loss is estimated at about \$4,000 with \$2,100 insurance. This was one of Gaylord's old landmarks, having been first used as an M. E. church, and kindergarten school, and then later purchased by the Manufacturing Co.

Watch for Frank's holiday ad which will soon appear. Have Hathaway attend to your eye needs before the Xmas rush.

One line of men's sweaters, roll collars, gray only. Worth \$1.75 for \$1.48 at Frank's.

Miss Flora Hanson is assisting in the Sorenson Bros. store during the holiday rush.

Round Oak heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges. 11-1-tf F. R. Deckrow.

A baby daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ebel, Wednesday of last week.

Russell Robertson is spending a few days with his sister Mrs. Arthur Anderson in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hammond returned Monday from an enjoyable trip to many different cities and places in Canada.

Deputy Sheriff Frank May and wife are the proud parents of a baby daughter that arrived at their home last Friday morning.

Mr. H. Lang of Toledo, Ohio, formerly Miss Metha Hatch of this city, is spending a few weeks here visiting friends. She was accompanied by her husband, who is in this part of the state on business.

Mrs. Eugene Ayette and Miss Bernadette Tetu gave a towel and linen shower for Miss Flora Borchers at the home of the latter Tuesday evening. Miss Borchers will soon be married to Mr. Lee Place of Detroit.

There will be a Thanksgiving dance at Temple theatre Thursday night Nov. 29, to which yourself and ladies are cordially invited. Music will be furnished by Clark's four-piece orchestra. Bill for dance 75 cents.

Special Holiday offer—Plate and 100 engraved cards for \$1.50. This is the price you paid five years ago, before the enormous raise in prices of all commodities. This offer will close December 15. Don't wait but order at once and assure yourself against disappointment of late delivery. Avalanche office.

Christmas advertising next week.

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before purchasing automobile insurance.

Mrs. James Cariveau and two children of Cadillac, are spending the week here.

Miss Marie Foreman has accepted the position as clerk in the Peterson grocery.

Conserve nerve-energy and add to your efficiency by wearing Hathaway's scientifically built glasses.

Harold Swaffield formerly of this city, and well known among the young folks was united in marriage to Miss Minna Graves of Wolverine at the home of the groom in Bay City, Saturday, Nov. 24. The young gentleman and his wife have the best wishes of many friends.

The Misses Doris and Eva Cariveau of Detroit and Flint respectively, came home the latter part of the week on account of the death of their little niece, June LaMotte. They returned to their work Monday this week and Miss Doris was accompanied by her sister Mildred.

Through the generosity of W. L. Martin, of this city, and T. Hanson, the well known Grayling lumberman, the new St. James parish house will have a fine new hardwood floor and ceiling for the main hall at once, these gentlemen donating the material.—Cheboygan Democrat.

Among the number of Catholics, who left yesterday for Cheboygan to be initiated into the Knights of Columbus order, were: Alex Lagrow, Ebbon, Dolphus Charron, Roy Johnson, Leo Schram and Joseph Cassidy. The initiation takes place today and will be followed by a big banquet.

Little June Veronica, the five months' old daughter and only child of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac LaMotte passed away Friday morning of last week, casting a gloom of sadness over their home. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon from St. Mary's church at 2:30 o'clock Rev. Fr. Rieas officiating. The parents have the sympathy of many.

Louie Joseph is in the naval service and stationed at Camp Decatur just out of Chicago. At present he is mixed up with the naval football team and one of the Chicago papers give him prominent mention and easily proclaim him the strongest player and look for him to bring victory over the "land forces," in the big Army-Navy game there Thanksgiving Day.

Alfred Sorenson, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Sorenson, was ordained into the ministerhood in the Danish Lutheran church last Sunday, Rev. Kjolhede officiating, assisted by Rev. J. A. M. Rodholm of Manistee. The church was beautifully trimmed with ferns, plants, yellow chrysanthemums and carnations for the occasion, by the members of the Young People's society. In the evening a reception was held at Danebod hall in honor of Rev. Sorenson. This was presided at by the Ladies Aid society of that church. Mr. Sorenson expects to enlist as an army chaplain. His many boyhood friends and others congratulate him.

Peter F. Jorgenson desires to announce that the old reliable livery and feed barn on Cedar street is open for business. He has been in the livery and feed business since 1903, and during that time has looked carefully after the interests of farmers and transients and will continue to do so in the future, as he expects to remain in business as long as he is a resident of Grayling. He is prepared to feed and care for stock and also do hauling, general team work and livery business. He has first-class horses and rigs and careful drivers, and guarantees the best of satisfaction at reasonable rates. Give him a call and receive the high class service, he is prepared to offer. Phone 1553 or 844. Your patronage solicited. adv.

Examinations for postmaster of Grayling brot out a number of aspirants. The examinations were held in Detroit, Cadillac and Boyne City, Wednesday Nov. 28. Among those who attended are Melvin A. Bates, Mr. and Mrs. Will Havens, Charles O. McCullough, A. L. Foster, Allen B. Failing and Holger Peterson. There were several others whose names we have not learned. It is understood that the applicant passing the highest examination will receive the appointment. Recently a petition containing the names of nearly every business man and scores of other citizens of Grayling was sent the postoffice department asking that Melvin A. Bates be appointed to that position. This matter was done without the knowledge of Mr. Bates and is a fine compliment to him. He certainly filled the office of postmaster of Grayling in a high class manner, and whoever gets the appointment will have to "go some" to equal his record of efficiency.

Don't forget to read the Red Cross Christmas seal offer.

Gay Peterson spent Sunday visiting friends in Cheboygan.

Miss Landra Nielsen of Flint is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. J. Herrick and friends.

Round Oak heating stoves and Round Oak Chief ranges. 11-1-tf F. R. Deckrow.

Ed. Cariveau and wife of Flint are visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. James Cariveau and friends.

Among the marriage licenses in the Detroit news of Tuesday we note the names of Miss Edna Rasmussen of this city and Mr. William Beezer of Detroit. Miss Rasmussen is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Rasmussen.

It is reported that a citizen of Fredric came to Grayling and discovered that one of his friends had a couple of prime fowls stored away in a back room of his place of business, and promptly proceeded to play a joke. He plucked the fowls and invited a party of friends, including the victim of the joke, to partake in a chicken dinner. All accepted the "invite" and the party of the second part turned the tables on the party of the first part by helping himself to a half bushel of beans that were in the back seat of his Fredric friend's auto. At the banquet there was bean soup as well as chicken, and all had a good time only it was figured out that the beans were worth about \$5.50 and the chickens about \$2.50. Which man was the victim?

Michigan Central Trains Change Time.

Several changes in arrival and departure of trains on the Michigan Central road took effect last Monday.

Train No. 156 that formerly left Grayling southbound at 5:50 a. m. and No. 159 due to arrive in Grayling at 8:40 p. m. are discontinued. Train No. 201 due to arrive from the south at 1:45 now arrives at 4:07 and leaves at 4:12.

Train No. 202 from the north, formerly due at 12:58 a. m., changed to 2:10 and leaves at 2:20 a. m. Train No. 157 from the south, formerly arriving at 1:10, is changed to arrive at 2:05 and leave at 2:25 p. m.

Train No. 93—the Lewiston train—changed from 6:30 a. m. to leave at 5:30 a. m., returning arrives in Grayling at 6:30 p. m. A special passenger train is provided to leave Grayling south bound at 7:00 a. m. and runs to West Branch only.

The running time of the other trains on the line not here mentioned is not changed.

Red Cross Workers Will Meet in Detroit.

Detroit, Nov. 26th—More than 500 Red Cross workers of the Lower Peninsula of Michigan will meet in Detroit, Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 3 and 4, for a conference on plans for war relief and to receive the messages from national headquarters which will be brot by Henry P. Davison, chairman of the war relief council, and Harvey D. Gibson, general manager of the American National Red Cross. The Upper Peninsula conference will be held at Marquette on Dec. 6 and 7. The Detroit meetings will be held in the Roof Garden of the Hotel Tuller, with morning and afternoon general sessions each day and bureau meetings in the evening.

Acceptances have been received from a large number of individuals and state headquarters officials expect that each one of the 68 county chapters will send its full quota of four officers, five Committee heads and the director of publicity. Governor Albert E. Sleeper has agreed to deliver an address at one session of the conference and other state Red Cross official will speak.

### Rubbers and Overshoes

We have a full line of these goods. Buy here and save money.

We have a fine selection of Tennis Shoes in white and black.

Rapid Shoe Repair Shop

E. J. OLSON, Prop'r. Next Door to Central Drug Store

### School Notes

HIGH SCHOOL.

"It is not the man of greatest natural vigor and capacity who achieves the highest results, but he who employs his powers with the greatest industry and the most careful discipline and skill—the skill that comes by application and experience."

In a recent fire drill the building was cleared of all pupils in one minute and 27 seconds.

The basketball schedule still looks somewhat lean and lank. Gaylord, Standish and Bay City are booked. We are looking for a fine lot of victories for both the boys' and girls' teams.

The Senior and Junior High schools are beginning a vigorous campaign against tardiness. Let us await the bug!

The Junior high has reduced its tardiness from 26 in October to 14 in November; the Senior high has increased its number from 29 to 30.

Grayling Boys' basketball team plays Standish this week Friday. The return game comes next week.

SEVENTH GRADE.

The following were taken from 7th grade English papers. I wonder if you can do as well as the teacher in making out what was meant: "Men saw braydake bursting on their eyes." "Jewels are expensive toes." "Poor legs! No ark shall ye ever be!"

The Seventh A geography class have been surprised to learn that we do not live on the outside of the earth after all.

One seventh grader insisted that fish come to the top of the water to breathe; also that a whale is a fish.

SIXTH GRADE.—MISS LOCKWOOD, TEACHER.

The boys responded to roll call Wednesday with Thanksgiving quotations. The B class no longer make the mistake of saying that 20 pencils at 5 cents a piece cost \$10. They have been doing good work on the approximation of decimals.

FIFTH GRADE.—ALMA ROWE, TEACHER. Charles Isenhauer is back in school, after a siege of the mumps.

The A division has found Japan and its people very interesting.

In compositions on "What I would like most to be," we find nearly every one anxious to be useful to his country.

FOURTH A, FIFTH A—OLIVE S. LYTLE, TEACHER.

The fourth and fifth grades are going to have a Thanksgiving party in their room.

Max Atkinson was absent Monday. He made a mistake and cut his toe instead of the stick of wood.

The fourth grade have been dramatizing some stories in reading.

Some very nice pilgrim posters were made last week.

The fifth grade are kept busy with fractions.

THIRD GRADE.—ETHEL RYKER, TEACHER.

The Indian story of the origin of birds has been of interest to third graders this week.

Merna Isenhauer, Olivia Larson and Vernon Smith are absent from school on account of sickness. Third graders are trying to make the days pass more pleasantly not only by visiting them, but by telling them about some of the interesting things they are studying and taking them some of the things they have made in drawing class.

The boys and girls of the third grade are studying about the great artist, Millet and are very much interested in his pictures.

FOURTH GRADE.—RULA MAE SHIER, TEACHER.

The fourth grade are watching with interest a crayfish who is making his home in a glass jar.

"The First Thanksgiving Day," is being memorized by both classes of the fourth grade.

A member of the fourth grade has discovered a new species of the feathered tribe, as this sentence testifies, "The swine is a beautiful bird."

Grayling Lodge F. & A. M. Elects Officers.

The annual election of officers of Grayling Lodge F. & A. M. occurred last week Thursday night and the officers elected for the ensuing year are as follows:

W. M.—Frank Sales.  
S. W.—Charles Abbott.  
J. W.—Harry Hill.  
S. D.—Arthur Maxwell.  
J. D.—John Yahr.  
Treas.—R. D. Connine.  
Sec'y.—John J. Niederer.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE



### Some Things We Are Thankful For

That our business has had a steady increased growth. That our business this year is greater than in any former years.

That our list of regular patrons is larger than ever before.

For all this we are sincerely thankful and it could not have been possible but for your liberal patronage.

### Charming New Blouses

We are showing a sample line of Georgetown, Crepe de Chine and Taffeta Waists.



Every one a different and very new style. Come and see them. You will be happy to own one.

\$4.00 to \$8.00

New models in Welworth \$2.00 and Wirthmor \$1.00 Waists are on display. These blouses are so appealing in style and so unusual in value that they have won a host of admirers who are buying them repeatedly.

### Grayling Mercantile Co.

"The Quality Store."

### New Buckeye Kitchen Cabinet Only \$14.98

The new Buckeye Cabinet is well known, has sliding table top, white enamel inside cupboard, swinging flour bin, upper panel in doors are filled with art glass and curtain roll on lower cupboard. Entire front is made of selected oak. We are offering you this fine cabinet, which will save you miles of steps, at only

\$14.98

Price named is strictly cash f. o. b. factory.

For further information ask the clerk.

### SORENSEN BROS.

The Home of Dependable Furniture.

### Avalanche Want Ads Bring Quick Results

## Fuel Economy

This is very important to every family and especially so this year of fuel scarcity. This store never had a better line of

### HEATING STOVES

We want you to see them before purchasing and let us explain their operating principles. These stoves will heat your home, also get every unit of heat out of your fuel.

**SALLING, HANSON CO.**

Hardware Department

The Distinguished Dramatic Stars

**JOHN MASON and ALMA HANLON**

In the amazing and sensational photo-dramatic subject.

Admission 15 and 25c

## "THE LIBERTINE"

A strong and gripping story of modern life with a surprising finish by one of the most daring and astounding ideas ever brought forth for screen depiction.

GRAYLING OPERA HOUSE FRIDAY EVENING . . . . NOVEMBER 30



## Bonded Prisoner

Penrod and Sam's Thrilling Exploits in the Neighborhood War Game  
By BOOTH TARKINGTON

(Copyright, 1917, Wheeler Syndicate, Inc.)

During the daylight hours of several autumn Saturdays there had been severe outbreaks of cavalry in the Schofield neighborhood. The sabers were of wood; the steeds were imaginary, and both were employed in a game called "bonded prisoner" by its inventors, Masters Penrod Schofield and Samuel Williams. The pastime was not intricate. When two enemies met, they fenced spectacularly until the person of one or the other was touched by the opposing weapon; then, when the ensuing claims of foul play had been disallowed and the subsequent argument settled, the combatant touched was considered to be a prisoner until such time as he might be touched by the hilt of a sword belonging to one of his own party, which affected his release and restored to him the full enjoyment of hostile activity. Pending such rescue, however, he was obliged to accompany the forces of his captor whithersoever their strategical necessities led them, which included many strange places. For the game was exciting, and, at its highest pitch, would sweep out of an alley into a stable, out of that stable and into a yard, out of that yard and into a house, and through that house with the sound (and effect upon furniture) of trampling herds. In fact, this very similarity must have been in the mind of the distressed colored woman in

"There!" panted Sam, desisting immediately. "That counts! You're bonded, Verman!"

"Ain't neeser!" Verman protested. Interpreting this as "Ain't neither," Sam invented a law to suit the occasion. "Yes, you are; that's the rule, Verman. I touched your hat with my sword, and your hat's just the same as you."

"Imm mop!" Verman insisted.

"Yes, it is," said Sam, already warmly convinced (by his own statement) that he was in the right. "Listen here! If I hit you on the shoe, it would be the same as hitting you, wouldn't it? I guess it'd count if I hit you on the shoe, wouldn't it? Well, a hat's just the same as shoes. Honest, that's the rule, Verman, and you're a prisoner."

Now, in the arguing part of the game, Verman's impediment co-operated with a native amiability to render him far less effective than in the actual combat. He chuckled, and ceded the point.

"Aw, well," he said, and cheerfully followed his captor to a hidden place among some bushes in the front yard, where Penrod lurked.

"Looky what I got!" Sam said importantly, pushing his captive into this retreat. "Now, I guess you won't say I'm not so much use any more! Squat down, Verman, so's they can't see you."



"You Get in There, Verman."

Mrs. Williams' kitchen, when she declared that she might "jest as well try to cook right spang in the middle of the stock yards."

All up and down the neighborhood the campaigns were waged, accompanied by the martial clashing of wood and by many clamorous arguments.

"You're a prisoner, Roddy Bitts!"

"I am not!"

"You are, too! I touched you."

"Where, I'd like to know!"

"On the sleeve."

"You did not! I never felt it. I guess I'd 'a' felt it, wouldn't I?"

"What if you didn't? I touched you, and you're bonded. I leave it to Sam Williams."

"Yah! Course you would! He's on your side! I leave it to Herman."

"No, you won't! If you can't show any sense about it, we'll do it over, and I guess you'll see whether you feel it or not! There! Now, I guess you—"

"Aw, squash!"

Strangely enough, the undoubted champion proved to be the youngest and darkest of all the combatants, one Verman, colored, brother to Herman, and substantially under the size to which his nine years entitled him. Verman was unfortunately tongue-tied, but he was valiant beyond all others, and, in spite of every handicap, he became at once the chief support of his own party and the despair of the opposition.

On the third Saturday this opposition had been worn down by the successive captures of Maurice Levy and George Bassett until it consisted of only Sam Williams and Penrod. Hence, it behooved these two to be wary, lest they be wiped out altogether; and Sam was dimly aware, indeed, upon cautiously scouting round a corner of his own stable, to find himself face to face with the valorous and willful Verman, who was acting as an outpost, or picket, of the enemy.

Verman immediately fell upon Sam, horse and foot, and Sam, would have fled but dared not, for fear he might be touched from the rear. Therefore, he defended himself as best he could, and there followed a lusty whacking, in the course of which Verman's hat was ruffed and too large, fell from his head, touching Sam's weapon in falling.

"I know!" he exclaimed. "I know what we'll do with him. Why, I thought of it just as easy! I can most always think of things like that for the main and simple reason—well, I thought of it just as easy."

"Well, what is it?" Sam demanded crossly. Penrod's reiteration of his new-found phrase, "For the main and simple reason," had been growing more and more irksome to his friend all day, though Sam was not definitely aware that the phrase was the cause of his annoyance. "What are we goin' to do with him, you know so much?"

Penrod rose and peered over the tops of the bushes, shading his eyes with his hand, a gesture which was unnecessary but had a good appearance. He looked all round about him in this manner, finally vouchsafing a report to the impatient Sam.

"No enemies in sight—just for the main and simple reason I expect they're all in the alley and in George Bassett's back yard."

"I bet they're not!" Sam said scornfully, his irritation much increased. "How do you know so much about it?"

"Just for the main and simple reason," Penrod replied, with dignified finality.

And at that, Sam felt a powerful impulse to do violence upon the person of his comrade-in-arms. The emotion which prompted this impulse was so primitive and straightforward that it almost resulted in action, but Sam had a vague sense that he must control it as long as he could.

"Bugs!" he said.

Penrod was sensitive, and this cold word hurt him. However, he was under the domination of his strategic idea, and he subordinated private grievance to the common weal. "Get up!" he commanded. "You get up, too, Verman. You got to—it's the rule. Now here—I'll show you what we're goin' to do. Stoop over, and both of you do just exactly like I do. You watch me, because this biz'nuss has got to be done right!"

Sam muttered something; he was becoming more insubordinate every moment, but he obeyed. Likewise, Verman rose to his feet, ducked his head between his shoulders, and trotted out to the sidewalk at Sam's heels, both following Penrod and assuming a stooping position in imitation of him. Verman was delighted with this phase of the game, and also, he was profoundly amused by Penrod's pomposity. Something dim and deep within him perceived it to be cause for such merriment that he had addo to master himself, and was forced to bottle and cork his laughter with both hands. They proved insufficient; sputterings burst forth between his fingers.

"You stop that!" said Penrod, looking back darkly upon the prisoner.

Verman endeavored to oblige, though giggles continued to leak from him at intervals, and the three boys stole along the fence in single file, proceeding in this fashion until they reached Penrod's own front gate. Here the leader ascertained, by a reconnaissance as far as the corner, that the hostile forces were still looking for them in another direction. He returned in a stealthy but important manner to his disgruntled follower and the hilarious captive.

"Well," said Sam impatiently, "I guess I'm not goin' to stand around here all day, I guess! You got anything you want to do, why'd you go on and do it?"

Penrod's brow was already contorted to present the appearance of detached and lofty concentration—a histrionic failure, since it did not deceive the audience. He raised a hushing hand.

"Sh!" he murmured. "I got to think."

"Bugs!" said the impolite Mr. Williams again.

Verman bent double, squealing and spluttering; indeed, he was ultimately forced to sit upon the ground, so exhausting was the mirth to which he now gave way. Penrod's composure was somewhat affected, and he showed annoyance.

"Oh, I guess you won't laugh quite so much about a minute from now, ole Mister Verman!" he said severely. "You get up from there and do like I tell you."

"Well, why'd you tell him why he won't laugh so much, then?" Sam demanded, as Verman rose. "Why'd you do something and quit talkin' so much about it?"

Penrod laughingly led the way into the yard.

"You follow me," he said, "and I guess you'll learn a little sense!"

Then, abandoning his hauteur for an air of mystery equally irritating to Sam, he stole up the steps of the porch, and after a moment's manipulation of the knob of the big front door, contrived to operate the fastenings, and pushed the door open.

"Come on," he whispered, beckoning. And the three boys mounted the stairs to the floor above in silence—save for a belated giggle on the part of Verman, which was restrained upon a terrible gesture from Penrod. Verman buried his mouth as deeply as possible in a ragged sleeve, and confined his demonstrations to a heaving of the stomach and diaphragm.

Penrod led the way into the dainty room of his nineteen-year-old sister, Margaret, and closed the door.

"There!" he said, in a low and husky voice. "I expect you'll see what I'm goin' to do now!"

"Well, what?" asked the skeptical Sam. "If we stay here very long your mother'll come and send us downstairs. What's the good of—"

"Wait!" said Penrod, wailing, in a whisper. "My goodness! And going to an inner door, he threw it open, disclosing a clothes-closet hung with pretty garments of many kinds, while upon its floor were two rows of shoes and slippers of great variety and charm.

A significant thing is to be remarked concerning the door of this somewhat intimate treasury; there was no knob or latch upon the inner side, so that when the door was closed, it could be opened only from the outside.

"There!" said Penrod. "You get in there, Verman, and I'll bet they won't get to touch you back out o' bein' our prisoner very soon, now! Oh, I guess not!"

"Pshaw!" said Sam. "Is that all you were goin' to do? Why, your mother'll come and make him get out the first—"

"No, she won't. She and Margaret have gone to my aunt's in the country, and aren't goin' to be back till dark. And even if he made a lot of noise, it's kind of hard to hear any thing from in there, anyway, when the door's shut. Besides, he's got to keep quiet—that's the rule, Verman. You're a prisoner, and it's the rule you can't holler or nothin'. You understand that, Verman?"

"Aw, well," said Verman.

"Then go on in there. Hurry!"

The obedient Verman marched into the closet and sat down among the shoes and slippers, where he presented an interesting effect of contrast. He was still subject to hilarity—though endeavoring to suppress it by means of a patent-leather slipper—when Penrod closed the door.

"There!" said Penrod, leaning the way from the room. "I guess now you see!"

Sam said nothing, and they came out to the open air, and reached their retreat in the Williams' yard again.



"Oh, You Will, Will You?"

without his having acknowledged Penrod's service to their mutual cause.

"I thought of that just as easy!" Penrod remarked, probably prompted to this odious bit of complacency by Sam's withholding the praise which might naturally have been expected.

And he was moved to add, "I guess I'd been a pretty long while if I'd had to wait for you to think of something as good as that, Sam."

"Why would it?" Sam asked. "Why would it be such a long while?"

"Oh," responded Penrod, airily. "Just for the main and simple reason!"

Sam could bear it no longer. "Oh, hush up!" he shouted.

Penrod was stung. "Do you mean me?" he demanded.

"Yes, I do!" replied the goaded Sam.

"Did you tell me to hush up?"

"Yes, I did!"

"I guess you don't know who you're talkin' to," Penrod said ominously. "I guess I just better show you who you're talkin' to like that. I guess you need a little sumpting, for the main and simple—"

Sam uttered an uncontrollable howl and sprang upon Penrod, catching him round the waist. Simultaneously with this impact, the wooden swords spun through the air, and were presently trodden underfoot as the two boys wrestled to and fro.

Penrod was not altogether surprised by the onset of his friend. He had been aware of Sam's increasing irritation (though neither boy could have clearly stated its cause), and that very irritation produced a corresponding emotion in the bosom of the irritator.

Mention, Penrod was quite ready for the conflict—nay, he welcomed it—though, for the first few moments, Sam had the physical advantage.

However, it is proper that a seat distinction be drawn here. This was a conflict, but neither technically nor in the intention of the contestants was it a fight. Penrod and Sam were both in a state of high exasperation; and there was great bitterness; but no blows fell and no tears.

They strained, they wrenched, they twisted, and they panted, and muttered: "Oh, no, you don't!" "Oh, I guess I do!" "Oh, you will, will you?" "You'll see what you get in about a minute!" "I guess you'll learn some sense this time!"

Streaks and blotches began to appear upon the two faces, where color had been heightened by the ardent application of a cloth sleeve or shoulder while ankles and insteps were scraped and toes were trampled. Turf and shrubberies suffered, also, as the struggle went on, until finally the wrestlers pitched headlong into a young lilac bush, and came to earth together, among its crushed and sprawling branches.

"Ouch!" and "Wuf!" were the two exclamations which marked this episode, and then, with no further comment, the struggle was energetically continued upon a horizontal plane. Now Penrod was on top, now Sam; they rolled, they squirmed, they shoved, and this contest endured. It went on and on, and it was impossible to imagine its coming to a definite termination. It went on so long that, to both the participants, it seemed to be a permanent thing, a condition which had always existed and which must always exist perpetually.

And thus they were discovered by a

foray of the hostile party, headed by Roddy Bitts and Herman (older brother to Verman) and followed by the bonded prisoners, Maurice Levy and George Bassett. These and others caught sight of the writhing figures, and charged down upon them with loud cries of triumph.

"Prisoner! Prisoner! Bonded prisoner!" shrieked Roddy Bitts, and touched Penrod and Sam, each in turn, with his saber. Then, seeing that they paid no attention and that they were at his mercy, he recalled the fact that several times during earlier stages of the game, both of them had been unnecessarily vigorous in "touching" his own rather plump person. Therefore, the opportunity being excellent, he raised his weapon again, and, repeating the words "bonded prisoner" as ample explanation of his deed, brought into play the full strength of his good right arm. He used the flat of the saber.

Whack! Whack! Roddy was perfectly impartial. It was a cold-blooded performance and even more effective than he anticipated. For one thing, it ended the civil war instantly. Sam and Penrod leaped to their feet, shivering and capered with joy. Herman was so overcome that he rolled upon the ground, and George Bassett remarked virtuously:

"It serves them right for fighting."

But Roddy Bitts foresaw that something not within the rules of the game was about to happen.

"Here! You keep away from me!" he quavered, retreating. "I was just takin' you prisoners. I guess I had a right to touch you, didn't I?"

Alas! Neither Sam nor Penrod was able to see the matter in that light. They had retrieved their own weapons, and they advanced upon Roddy, with a purposefulness that seemed horrible to him.

"Here! You keep away from me!" he said, in great alarm. "I'm goin' to give up this ole game and go home. He did go home—but only subsequently. What took place before his departure had the singular solidity and completeness of systematic violence; also, it bore the moral beauty of all actions which lead to peace and friendship, for, when it was over, and the final vocalizations of Roderick Magsworth Bitts, Jr., were growing faint with increasing distance, Sam and Penrod had forgotten their differences and felt well disposed toward each other once more. All their animosity was exhausted, and they were in a glow of good feeling, though probably they were not conscious of any direct gratitude to Roddy, whose thoughtful opportunism was really the cause of this happy result.

OLD EDITOR HAS DAY DREAM

Longs to View Happy Scenes of Years Ago, but His Rest is Rudely Interrupted.

The editor of the old home paper had nothing to do for a little while, and the novel sensation made him a trifle maudlin. "I want to get out and stretch the links from my back," he said to the fire sale handbill on the wall. "I want to wander down the lane that leads back to the long ago. I want to sniff the sweet odors of the ripening apples and list to the hum of the elder mill. I want to see the old huckberry tree by the spout spring and find if the initials that I carved on its trunk forty years ago are still there. I want to be the boy again who used to sit on top of the gate post and watch down the lane for Dad to return from the field. I want to see the darkness creep up out of the east—up and up and across, until it chases the lavender light from the western sky, and the stars shine forth and the moon rises like a ruby ball over the Willer creek timber. I want to hear, while the scents of oven-browned coffee and frying ham come on the night breeze, mother calling."

"Er—Mrs. Piffegilder! Take a chair, please. Yes, we shall be glad to print this original poem on the death by choking of your second cousin, Hon. Pursley Pouch, over at Squantum. Oh, no trouble at all, Mrs. Piffegilder, we assure you. Call again!"—Kansas City Star.

Italy Home of Pergola.

The idea of the pergola was borrowed from Italy, and many of the best planned pergolas follow an Italian model. They may be solidly built, with brick or stone pillars, either square or round, or sometimes with these alternating; in this case the flooring is generally of brick or random jointed stone work. These solid pillars form a good foundation for rambling roses of all kinds, or festoons of clematis, honeysuckle and wisteria.

Very generally, however, the pergola is of lighter construction, and, in this case, larch poles are often used. Care should be taken to choose strong poles and to see that the prevailing slope of the cross bars is up rather than down, as otherwise they sag in the center in an unattractive way. These pergolas are not such enduring possessions as the more solid ones, but the cost is much smaller, and they soon become beautiful, since most rambling roses are so free-growing as to hide the framework in a short time. Much depends upon the type of house and garden, the simpler pergolas being better suited to the cottage, while flagged walks, with piers of brick or stone, seem more in keeping with the larger and more stately dwellings.

A "Tramp" Vessel.

A "tramp" is a vessel operating over no regular route and having no regular schedule of sailings. A chartered vessel operating a regular route, but with irregular sailings is not a "tramp." Aside from its function as a trade coast it is the "potential," rather than the real or actual composition of the "tramp," that keeps freight and passenger rates low. It is a though any motor car might use the right-of-way of any railroad at any time and offer cheap service about the regular service of the railroad, proving to be unsatisfactory or ultra-expensive. Always the "tramp" is present in the sub-consciousness of a "regular route" steamship man, as a sort of anxious weed of competition that is certain to sprout the moment he falls to keep his service up and his prices down.—Navy and Merchant Marine.

## DAIRY FACTS

### GIVING MILK TO DAIRY CALF

Guesswork in Apportionment Is Expensive in More Ways Than One—Good Rule Is Given.

"Guesswork in apportioning milk to the dairy calf is expensive both from the fact that irregular amounts often cause digestive troubles and because more milk than necessary is frequently fed." This statement is quoted from Circular No. 202, published by the Illinois Experiment station, Urbana, Ill.

A general rule is to feed one pound of whole or skimmed milk to each eight pounds of live weight, rarely feeding in excess of 12 pounds of either. The schedule of feeding used by the Illinois station calls for four



Splendid Dairy Type.

pounds of whole milk to a Jersey calf the first two days; six to eight pounds from third to twenty-eighth day; three to four pounds of both skim milk and whole milk from twenty-eighth to thirty-fifth day; eight to ten pounds skim milk from thirty-fifth to fifty-sixth day, and ten to twelve pounds from fifty-sixth to ninety-first day. A Holstein calf is given somewhat more milk at a younger age, though rarely does the total fed go above 12 pounds.

### PROPER GROWTH OF CALVES

Puzzling Question to Gray Heads in Calf Business—Much Depends on Ration Furnished.

How fast should my calves grow? is a puzzling question even to gray heads in the calf-raising business. This will depend to a large extent on the kind of ration fed, but in order for any ration to be considered a definite success the calves should show a gain of at least a pound a day each day for the first six months. Many ordinary dairymen are getting a pound and a half gain daily.

In height these same calves should increase from one and one-half to two inches per month for the first half year. The height and weight have a definite relation for average sized calves during this first period. After six months this relation gradually changes and the weight outstrips the height. At one month of age a normal calf of any breed weighs, approximately three pounds for each inch in height, but at the end of the six months' period the weight has increased to six and one-half pounds for each inch in height. From that time on there is a continued widening in the relation of weight to height until maturity.

### BUTTER MAKER SHOULD KNOW

Must Handle Cream and Churn in Such Manner That He Will Make Best Quality of Butter.

The farm butter maker should know how to handle his cream and churn in such a manner that he will make the best quality of butter from it. The cream must be ripened evenly and then churned at the proper temperature. If too warm the butter will come quickly, but will not be firm and granular. If too cold it will take longer to churn. Generally churning will require from 80 to 85 minutes when cream is at the proper temperature.

### BARREL CHURN IS EXCELLENT

Permits Concussion of Cream Against Sides Separating Fat Globules—It Is Best Way.

It has been found that the type of churn that permits concussion of the cream against the sides of the churn is best, because that is the easiest and best way to separate the fat globules of cream, so they may be collected. A good example of this type is the barrel churn which is commonly used in some modified form.

### Purebred Bull Improves Herd.

Almost any purebred bull with good milking ancestry will improve a herd of grade or scrub cows. That does not infer that the best bull is not desirable.

### No Profit in Bad Hay.

Not a bit of profit in feeding bad hay to a good cow. Results show how the cow is fed, so be careful.

### Identification Marks.

Marks for identification should be plain without disfiguring the animal.

## EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI

### Bully Incident.

In these times, when our men are departing for the front and there are flag presentations and sword-givings galore, and speech-makings in like proportions, some simple form of address and response might come in very handy for those who must act as parties of the first part in such functions, suggests an exchange. It may be that the words spoken at the presentation of a sword to Col. William Sirwell of the Seventy-eighth Pennsylvania regiment, as he was starting off to the Civil war, with a few modifying touches, be made to serve in the present emergencies. Captain Gillespie, who made the presentation speech, said:

"Here we are, and here it is. This is a bully sword, and comes from a bully boy; take it, and use it in a bully manner."

Colonel Sirwell replied:

"Captain, that was a bully speech. Let's have a bully drink."

Time was when Colonel Roosevelt would have said that was a bully incident.

### WOMEN SUFFERERS MAY

#### NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

It's Too Bad.

He was young and handsome. She was younger and beautiful. She seemed to hang over every word he spoke.

Suddenly his handsome face darkened with repugnance.

"It's too bad!" he exclaimed. The beautiful girl paled.

Nevertheless, her sensitive nostrils quivered. She knew he was right.

So she took the egg away and brought him another. And she didn't charge it on the check!

### FIERY RED PIMPLES

That Itch and Burn Are Usually Eczematous—Cuticura Quickly Heals.

It needs but a single hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment to the most distressing, disfiguring eczemas, itchings and burnings to prove their wonderful properties. They are also ideal for every-day toilet use.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

### Made Garden by Electric Light.

Gardeners who had only evenings in which to care for their vegetable patches were handicapped by the little daylight allowed them. With this difficulty in view, a New Orleans electrical company has put on the market a light which readily lights a fair-sized garden. This light is mounted on a pole, and its glow intensified by a reflector. The lower end of the pole is pointed, and set firmly in the soft soil. The plug may be attached to a socket within the house.

### BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectation in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Sold in all civilized countries. 80 and 90 cent bottles.—Adv.

### Considerable Reply.

"Henry," said Mrs. A. Githersby, "I should have married a man with a strong will, instead of a nonentity like you."

"I don't think so, my dear," replied Mr. Githersby, pausing in the doorway before making a quick exit.

"Why not?"

"The constant effort of trying to break his will would have impaired your health."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Over for Fletcher's Castoria

Unsociable.

"Unsociable, isn't he?"

"Very. Even misery wouldn't like his company."

The chief interest of man is man, and particularly woman.

When Your Eyes Need Care

The Marine Eye Remedy

It is the only eye remedy that cures all eye troubles. It is the only eye remedy that cures all eye troubles.



**Costs Less and Kills That Cold**

**CASCARA QUININE**

The standard cold cure for 20 years—cures cold in 24 hours, gets in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red top and Mr. Kille's picture on it.

Costs less, gives more, saves money. 24 Tablets for 25c.

At Any Drug Store

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 48-1917.

## THE NEW METHOD

(By L. W. Bower, M. D.)

Backache of any kind is often caused by kidney disorder, which means that the kidneys are not working properly. Poisonous matter and uric acid accumulate within the body in great abundance, overworking the kidneys; hence the congestion of blood causes backache in the same manner as a similar congestion in the head causes headache. You become nervous, despondent, sick, feverish, irritable, have spots appearing before the eyes, bags under the lids, and lack ambition to do this and that.

The latest and most effective means of overcoming this trouble, is to eat sparingly of meat, drink plenty of water between meals and take a single An-uric tablet before each meal for a while.

Simply ask your favorite druggist for Anuric, double strength. If you have lumbago, rheumatism, gout, dropsy, begin immediately with this newest discovery of Dr. Pierce, who is Chief Medical Director of Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute in Buffalo, N. Y. Send 10 cents for trial pkg. Large package 50c.

**Smart Boys.**

The schoolmaster was giving the boys a lecture on thrift, and pointed out that even animals exercised that quality, instancing how squirrels always stored up nuts for the winter. Then he asked for another illustration of thrift in animals, and one boy cried out:

"A dog."

"A dog? In what way does a dog practice economy?"

"Please, sir, when he runs after his tail he makes both ends meet."

**Everybody Does.**

"He's made a failure of everything."

"That so? Why doesn't he try writing for moving pictures?"

Ridicule seldom kills unless the death is deserved.

## A PROMINENT MICHIGAN RESIDENT SPEAKS

Osseo, Mich.—"I can recommend Anuric to anyone who is afflicted in the way I was. The Anuric Tablets have done wonders for me. I am still using them and I think another supply will perform a permanent cure. I have lived in this neighborhood for about 50 years and most people round here know me."—CHARLES WAKEMAN.

The lower intestine is like a garbage box and should be cleaned occasionally. You will escape many ills and clear up the coated tongue, the salivary complexion, the dull headache, the lazy liver, if you will take a laxative made up of the May-apple, leaves of aloes, root of jalap, and sold by druggists for nearly fifty years as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Adv.

## COUNTY AGENT PLAN WINNING IN STATE

Agriculturists Now Are Employed in 51 Counties—Only Few Districts Disapprove.

WORK WAS STARTED IN 1912

Alpena County First in Retaining Trained Worker to Co-operate With Farmers in Building Up Agriculture.

From Office of Publications, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—A little more than five years ago the county of Alpena, in northwestern Michigan, drew ridicule and a horse-laugh from the old guard and standpats in the farming game by announcing to a complacent and unsuspecting world that it had made a place on its pay roll for an agricultural "specialist" whose business it would be to advise and work with farmers in Alpena county and their neighbors in Presque Isle and Montmorency. The experiment was undertaken at the suggestion of and in co-operation with the Michigan Agricultural college and the United States department of agriculture.

"More nonsense," fumed some of the skeptics.

But Alpena's supervisors were of pioneer stock and they could not be laughed out of their determination to give the county-agent plan a trial. A few weeks later they were joined in their experiment by Iron, Kent and Kalamazoo counties—and with them now are a half-dozen others.

The public, however, has thus far heard as a rule only criticism of the county agent, criticism that oftentimes has emanated from more or less disappointed persons who in attempting to fleece the farmer may have been foiled in their designs by a wide-awake agricultural leader. Contrasting stands the report issued a few days ago from the college by the director of extension and the state leader of county agents.

What the report showed was this: Michigan now has 51 county agents in the service of as many counties, while in the remaining 32 counties a majority have indicated that they will employ agents by the first of the coming year. Only a half-dozen have refused to take on men. The counties have discovered (as with beer before Michigan took the pledge) that as a rule there are no bad agents; some are merely better than others.

Of these 51 counties which since 1912 have joined with the college and the United States department of agriculture in the employment of co-operating agriculturists, 32 were provided with men before the war broke out. The others have "come in" as a result largely of what they saw during the summer of the work of the temporary field men employed to help cope with problems arising in the food campaign. The terms of these temporary agents ended on November 1, whereupon 19 counties voted at once in favor of keeping someone on the job permanently. This has left 32 counties still without agents, though assurance has been received by the leaders at M. A. C. that most of these will make the necessary appropriations before the present year ends.

That such a cordial reception of the county agent plan would be encountered was hardly looked for even in quarters most confident of its ultimate success.

As it has really turned out, not more than six or eight counties have flatly rejected county agents, and where this has occurred it has been found that the fault can be laid not to the county agent idea but to either the man who acted as agent, or to the dampening efforts of certain influential reactionaries.

Considering, however, that most of the men who acted as emergency agents appointed in a hurry, without opportunity being given the state to thoroughly try them out, the misfits among them were few. One turned out to be more of a real estate broker than an agricultural agent; another devoted so much energy to keeping his political fences mended that he couldn't find time to give farmers assistance in mending theirs, and in a third instance just plain incompatibility of temperament in the agent was the thorn which stuck in the ribs of the supervisors and kept them from voting an appropriation for continuation of the office.

Gradually, where such untoward conduct is detected, the responsible individuals are being dismissed.

But that such difficulties are rare has been well borne out by the report showing 51 counties definitely committed this year to the county agent

and hatch from them. Even then, the progress will be slow, for there is apt to be a large per cent that will be poor producers. But this is the only safe way to raise hens that lay a large number of eggs a year.

WORK TO INCREASE PROFITS

No Better Time During Year Than in Winter Months—Eggs Sure to Bring Higher Prices.

There is no better place in the year's work for poultry to increase the profits than during the winter months. The average keeper of hens will never do much better at present, and it's up to our readers to reap the harvest. A little more effort, better rationing, modern housing and feeding methods will increase the number of eggs during the next three months. And eggs are going to be worth money this winter.

The raising of Siberian hares for commercial purposes has been undertaken on a large scale by business men near Hamilton, Ontario.

DEVELOP FOWLS TO PRODUCE To Increase Yield of Eggs, Select Pullet of High Records and Mate With Best Males.

The hen as we have her today has been developed very rapidly as an egg producer. The jungle fowl from which our laying hens have been developed probably laid but about two dozen eggs a year at most. Perhaps many only raised one brood. Hens of anything like good type and breeding today may average 140 eggs a year. There are, of course, 200-egg hens and a few that have made records much higher. But these high records are by no means common.

It is said that a high average for a pullet is 150 eggs a year, for a hen 140. But we must remember that hens, like cows, have their own individuality and it is not easy to find a flock of high producers.

The way to increase the production of eggs is to select pullets of hens with high records, mate them with cockerels from good laying strains

plan, where five years ago Alpena stood alone.

With Alpena now are Iron, Kent, Kalamazoo, Allegan, St. Clair, Branch, Saginaw, Houghton, Newaygo, Gogebic, St. Joseph, Marquette, Dickinson, Lenawee, Ontonagon, Cheboygan, Otsego, Mason, Muskegon, Van Buren, Berrien, Manistee, Menominee, Schoolcraft, Missaukee, Presque Isle, Delta, Wayne, Chippewa, Tuscola, Alger, Lapeer, Emmet, Charlevoix, Antrim, Grand Traverse, Kalamazoo, Oscoda, Clare, Oceana, Bay, Clinton, Shiawassee, Genesee, Oakland, Calhoun, Jackson, Washtenaw, Wexford and Cass.

MICHIGAN WHEAT SMUTTY

Grain Arriving in Detroit Market Is Heavily Infected, Inspections Show.

By DR. G. H. COONS, Specialist in Plant Diseases, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—A few weeks ago one of the greatest of the nation's grain buyers branded Michigan wheat as about the smuttest appearing on the market. Whereupon there were many staunch defenders of Michigan's fair name who ruffled up in high dudgeon at what they deemed a slur upon Michigan agriculture. Nevertheless the fact remains that Michigan wheat is not merely smutty—it is very smutty. Confirmation of this has recently come from Detroit.

Dr. N. Kopeloff, who has been assisting in the smut eradication work in Michigan—detailed to this state by the United States department of agriculture—reports that during September 89.2 per cent of the 41 cars of wheat received at the Detroit market were infected with smutting smut, while out of ten cars received in the first days in October, four had smutting smut.

George Miller, who has been doing similar work, quotes Mr. Rucker, chief inspector for the Detroit Board of Trade, as stating also that 80 per cent of Michigan rye carried ergot this year. The ruling of the board is to reduce the grade of rye one point if it is found to contain more than 1 per cent of ergot. This means a reduction in price of 1½ to 2 cents.

There might perhaps be little room for criticism if smutting smut was like the weather—something that cannot be controlled. But it can be gotten rid of. The new treatment of wheat for this disease has been tried everywhere in the state and where directions have been followed, excellent results have come.

County Agent Smith of Kent tells of a case of where the grain was badly injured by doubling the time it was left covered, the dilute formaldehyde method being used. The man upon being shown the new method treated the rest of his grain successfully, and as the advertisements say, "He will now use no other."

Certain county men have found that the directions carry the idea that 50 bushels are to be treated and give specific pointers for handling two, five or ten bushels. The department acknowledges the validity of this criticism and is now working to standardize the method. Reports of poor results from the method in Allegan county have also been investigated. A farmer there stated that his grain had germinated, grew a few inches, and remained yellow. Examination showed that the trouble present was due to deep planting in a rather poor seed bed. Wherever the drill had planted at the proper depth, as in the harder, better packed portions of the field, the stand was perfect and the color and growth normal.

Plan Many Schools.

More than 100 of the two-day schools which in many sections of the state will replace the old farmers' institutes have been arranged for by the Michigan Agricultural college. Some of these, in a few of the northern counties such as Cheboygan, will be conducted in December, but most of them will not be put on before January 1. A few of the towns which will have these schools follow: New Richmond, Ganges, Gilead, Quilley, California, Munroe, Riggsburg, Wolverline, Sparta, Cadmus, Arcadia, Onekama, Manistee, Chief, Dublin, Lindington, Victory township, Morey, Pioneer, Lucas, Moulderville, Fremont, Garfield, Grand Haven, Cooperville, Berlin, Jamestown, Zeland, Holland, Fair Haven, China, Burchville, Colon, Lawton, Decatur, Hartford, Gobberville, Leno, South Haven, Covert, Reese, Carr, Petoskey, East Jordan, Bligham, West Branch, Sandusky, Marlette, Arcadia, Birmingham, Cedar Springs, Dryden, Grant, Ironton, Lawrence, St. Johns, Schoolcraft, Sturgis, Ludington, Athens, China, Fair Haven, Lowell, Allenton, Three Rivers, Greenville, Ithaca, Wolverine, Freesolt, Mt. Tabor, Eau Claire, Buchanan, Millburg, Union City, Spring Port, Onaway and Millburg.

Seed Worth Saving. Good seed potatoes, free from blight and rot, are always worth saving for one's own future crop, or to supply others.

DEVELOP FOWLS TO PRODUCE To Increase Yield of Eggs, Select Pullet of High Records and Mate With Best Males.

The hen as we have her today has been developed very rapidly as an egg producer. The jungle fowl from which our laying hens have been developed probably laid but about two dozen eggs a year at most. Perhaps many only raised one brood. Hens of anything like good type and breeding today may average 140 eggs a year. There are, of course, 200-egg hens and a few that have made records much higher. But these high records are by no means common.

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**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

**WHAT YOU SURELY NEED**

Is a healthy, active, industrious liver. Small doses of these pills taken regularly insure that. You may also need a purgative sometimes. Then take one larger dose. Keep that in mind; it will pay you rich dividends in Health and Happiness.

Genuine Bears Signature

**ROSY CHEEKS or HEALTHY COLOR** indicates Iron in the Blood. Pale or colorless faces usually show its absence. A condition which will be much helped by **CARTER'S IRON PILLS**

The Producer. "Why call me the consumer?" asked the man who pays the bills. "All I do is produce!"

**KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY**

A neglected cold in a child's head often leads to chronic catarrh and catarrhal deafness—stunting the child's mental growth, making them appear stupid.

**Try Kondon's for the baby's cold** (at no charge to you)

50,000 have used this 25-year-old remedy. For chronic catarrh, sore nose, croup, colds, coughs, croup, whooping cough, etc. Write us for complimentary copy, or pay 25 cents for bottle. It will benefit you FOUR times more than it costs, or we will money back. For trial call free write to: **KONDON MFG. CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.**

**ASTHMA**

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY

For the prompt relief of Asthma, Hay Fever, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. Write us for complimentary copy, or pay 25 cents for bottle. It will benefit you FOUR times more than it costs, or we will money back. For trial call free write to: **KONDON MFG. CO., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.**

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**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

**WHAT YOU SURELY NEED**

Is a healthy, active, industrious liver. Small doses of these pills taken regularly insure that. You may also need a purgative sometimes. Then take one larger dose. Keep that in mind; it will pay you rich dividends in Health and Happiness.

Genuine Bears Signature

**ROSY CHEEKS or HEALTHY COLOR** indicates Iron in the Blood. Pale or colorless faces usually show its absence. A condition which will be much helped by **CARTER'S IRON PILLS**

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# Royal Baking Powder saves eggs in baking

In many recipes only half as many eggs are required, in some none at all, if an additional quantity of Royal Baking Powder is used, about a teaspoon, in place of each egg omitted.

Try the following recipes which also conserve white flour as urged by the government.

## Corn Meal Griddle Cakes

1 1/2 cups corn meal  
1 cup boiling water  
1 cup milk  
1 tablespoon shortening  
1 tablespoon molasses  
1 cup flour  
1 teaspoon salt  
1 teaspoon Royal Baking Powder  
NO EGGS

Boil corn meal in bowl with boiling water; add milk, melted shortening and molasses; add flour, salt and baking powder which have been sifted together; mix well. Bake on hot griddle until brown.

(The Old Method called for 2 eggs)

## Eggless, Milkless, Butterless Cake

1 cup brown sugar  
1/2 cup water  
1/2 cup seeded raisins  
1/2 cup citron, cut fine  
1/2 cup shortening  
1/2 cup flour  
1/2 cup Royal Baking Powder

Boil sugar, water, fruit, shortening, salt and spices together in saucepan 5 minutes. When cool, add flour and baking powder which have been sifted together. Mix well; bake in loaf pan in moderate oven about 45 minutes.

(The Old Method (Fruit Cake) called for 2 eggs)

Send for our new booklet "55 Ways to Save Eggs." Mailed free on request. Address Royal Baking Powder Co., Dept. H., 135 William Street, New York

part contains about 75 commodities which it is believed the public could dispense with, but not without inconvenience. It is for the priority direction and the fuel administrator to determine how many of these commodities shall be denied transportation. We have no doubt that if non-essential commodities are eliminated, the railways can transport all commodities required by the government in carrying on the war and by the people for their subsistence and comfort.

Great, however, as are the difficulties which the railways are encountering in their efforts to render adequate service, we believe that if the government and the public will be patient and will continue to give the managements of the railways their cooperation, most of these difficulties will be overcome.

Reckless Disregard.  
"The law of supply and demand," said the economist, "is as inexorable as the law of gravitation."  
"You can't always enforce either of them," the law of gravitation doesn't prevent people from getting up in the air these days,"—Washington Star.

At It Night and Day.  
"My daughter is a wonder at the piano," said the proud father.  
"That's so, for wonders never cease," said the man who occupied the adjoining flat.—Boston Transcript.

Powerful Mind.  
"So Stubbs has a mind of his own?"  
"I should say he has. And you ought to see her use it."—Chicago Herald.

IT HAPPENED IN GRAYLING.  
And Is Happening to Grayling People Every Week.

The case told below is not an uncommon thing. The same occurs frequently and will continue to happen as long as folks have kidneys and overtax the kidneys.

J. D. Thompson, M. N. E. R. R. station agent, Lake St., Grayling, says: "When colds have settled on my kidneys, my back has been weak and lame and I have had a steady ache through the small of it. A few boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, which I got at Olson's Drug Store, have never failed to cure an attack of this complaint in short order. I can also recommend Doan's Kidney Pills highly for children with weak kidneys."

Price 60 cents, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Thompson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs. Buffalo, N. Y.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Manistee & N. E. R. R.  
Time Card  
In effect May 6th, 1916.

Read Down.	Read Up.
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
7.00 12.35	1.50 12.15
8.15 1.43	2.45 1.40
9.30 2.58	3.55 2.35
10.45 4.13	5.05 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.15 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.25 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.35 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.45 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
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8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
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10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
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2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
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4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
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11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
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2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
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11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
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11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
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2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
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2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
5.45 11.13	12.55 10.55
6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
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11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
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1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
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3.45 9.13	10.55 8.55
4.45 10.13	11.55 9.55
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6.45 12.13	1.55 11.55
7.45 1.13	2.55 12.55
8.45 2.13	3.55 1.55
9.45 3.13	4.55 2.55
10.45 4.13	5.55 3.55
11.45 5.13	6.55 4.55
12.45 6.13	7.55 5.55
1.45 7.13	8.55 6.55
2.45 8.13	9.55 7.55
3.45 9.13	10.55 8.5